## IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE DISTRICT OF COLORADO

Civil Action No. 12-cv-03172-CMA-MEH

MALIBU MEDIA, LLC,

Plaintiff,

v.

JOHN DOES 1-23,

Defendants.

## ORDER

## Michael E. Hegarty, United States Magistrate Judge.

Before the Court is Plaintiff's Motion for Leave to Serve Third Party Subpoenas Prior to a Rule 26(f) Conference [filed December 6, 2012; docket #7]. Plaintiff's motion is **granted in part** and **denied in part** as follows.

Plaintiff's motion alleges that the Doe Defendants, identified only by their Internet Protocol ("IP") addresses, have infringed on Plaintiff's copyrighted work by using the internet and a "BitTorrent" protocol to reproduce, distribute, display, or perform Plaintiff's protected film. Plaintiff requests permission from the Court to serve limited, immediate discovery on the Doe Defendants' Internet Service Providers ("ISPs") prior to the Rule 26(f) conference. The purpose of this discovery is to obtain additional information concerning the identities of the Doe Defendants.

Fed. R. Civ. P. 26(d) proscribes seeking discovery before Rule 26(f) conferral. However, this prohibition is not absolute; the Court may authorize discovery upon a showing of good cause. *Pod-Ners, LLC v. Northern Feed & Bean of Lucerne Ltd. Liability Co.*, 204 F.R.D. 675, 676 (D. Colo. 2002). "Expedited discovery should be limited, however, and narrowly tailored to seek

information necessary to support expedited or preliminary relief." Avaya, Inc. v. Acumen Telecom

Corp., No. 10-cv-03075-CMA-BNB, 2011 WL 9293, at \*2 (D. Colo. Jan. 3, 2011) (citation

omitted).

After review of the motion, the Court finds that Plaintiff establishes good cause for limited

expedited discovery. Therefore, Plaintiff's motion is **granted in part** as follows. The Plaintiff may

serve third party subpoenas pursuant to Fed. R. Civ. P. 45 on the identified ISPs with the limited

purpose of ascertaining the identities of the Doe Defendants as identified by the twenty-three (23)

IP addresses listed in Exhibit B to the present motion (docket #7-3). The subpoenas shall be limited

to providing Plaintiff with the name, address, telephone number, email address, and Media Access

Control address of the subscriber (Doe Defendant) to whom the ISP has assigned an IP address.

With each subpoena, Plaintiff shall also serve a copy of this Order. Each ISP shall notify the

subscribers that their identities have been subpoenaed by the Plaintiff. Finally, the Court emphasizes

that Plaintiff may only use the information disclosed in response to the subpoenas for the purpose

of protecting and enforcing its rights as set forth in its Complaint [docket #1]. The Court cautions

Plaintiff that improper use of this information may result in sanctions. All other relief requested in

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the proposed order [docket #7-5] is **denied**.

Entered and dated at Denver, Colorado, this 6th day of December, 2012.

BY THE COURT:

Michael E. Hegarty

United States Magistrate Judge

Michael E. Hegarty