

Marc J. Randazza, NV Bar # 12265
Ronald D. Green, NV Bar # 7360
J. Malcolm DeVoy, NV Bar #11950
Randazza Legal Group
6525 W. Warm Springs Rd., Ste. 100
Las Vegas, NV 89118
888-667-1113
305-437-7662 (fax)
rlgall@randazza.com

Attorneys for Plaintiff,
Liberty Media Holdings, LLC

**IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
DISTRICT OF NEVADA**

Pursuant to 17 U.S.C. §§502, 15 U.S.C. §1116(d)(1)(A) and Fed. R. Civ. P. 65, Plaintiff Liberty Media Holdings, LLC (“Liberty”) moves this Court *ex parte* for a temporary restraining order to stop the Defendant FF Magnat Limited d/b/a Oron.com and their agents (“Oron”) from fraudulently transferring assets out of the United States. The Plaintiff seeks an Order unwinding the fraudulent transfers that have already occurred, freezing Defendants’ accounts containing profits from the Defendants’ illegal enterprise, and returning matters to the state they were in before the dissipation and fraudulent transfers began. Because of the serious and immediate nature of Defendants’ acts, Plaintiffs request an emergency hearing or an expedited ruling on the papers.

I. STATEMENT OF FACTS

Defendants have engaged in pervasive copyright infringement of works produced by Plaintiffs and multiple other film producers. The assets Defendants hold (or held) in the United States are the domain name registrations for the Oron.com website and other domain names, as well as profits from their illegal scheme. While pretending to engage in good-faith negotiations to resolve the claims, the Defendants have actually been using that time to move all assets to locations that they hope will be out of the reach of United States courts.

8 Defendants are working to fraudulently transfer as many assets as they can out of any
9 location so that those assets might be out of the reach of the Plaintiff or any U.S. court. It is clear
10 that they are doing so to try and shield them from the consequences of potential litigation. Without
11 the intervention of this Court, Defendants will continue fraudulent transfers of property and assets.
12 An Order from the Court could, at this point, unwind the fraudulent transfers and prevent any other
13 fraudulent transfers from occurring during the pendency of this litigation.

14 It is proper to issue injunctive relief to prevent these fraudulent transfers and to preserve the
15 Court's ability to issue effective equitable relief. See *In re Estate of Ferdinand Marcos, Human*
16 *Rights Litigation*, 25 F.3d 1467 (9th Cir. 1994) (proper to issue an injunction to keep assets from
17 being dissipated overseas, especially where defendant had engaged in a pattern of such activity).
18 Domain names are property and are properly the object of a seizure under a court's equitable
19 powers just as much as the money that the Oron website takes in though its illegal enterprise.
20 *Kremen v. Cohen*, 337 F.3d 1024, 1030 (9th Cir. 2003); *Novak v. Benn*, 896 So. 2d 513 (Ala. App.
21 2004) (recognizing domain names as property that can be seized under a court order); *Palacio Del*
22 *Mar Homeowners Assn., Inc. v. McMahon*, 174 Cal. App. 4th 1386, 1391 (Cal. App. Div. 2009);
23 *Office Depot, Inc. v. Zuccarini*, 596 F.3d 696, 701-02 (9th Cir. 2010). This Court may freeze funds
24 and exercise quasi *in rem* jurisdiction over the domain names to prevent their dissipation,
25 disgorgement, or other changes thereto so that they may be subject to equitable actions such as
26 shutting down the Defendants' websites if they are not purged of pirated content. See *Zuccarini*,
27 596 F.3d at 702-03 (VeriSign is located in the United States and subject to the court's jurisdiction;
28 court was entitled to exercise quasi *in rem* control over the domain names). The Court can preserve
these assets by requiring U.S.-based companies (PayPal, Inc. and VeriSign) to freeze further

1 transfer of funds and domain names and by requesting assurance that any foreign banks with U.S.
2 branches heed this Court’s order, or place their U.S. branches and assets in jeopardy. As the
3 Defendants have already shown that they will make fraudulent transfers, this move would be
4 reasonable and proper.

5 The Defendants accept credit cards on their piracy websites, and thus American Express,
6 Mastercard, and Visa can be ordered to cease clearing their funds, and to hold them in escrow or
7 deposit them with the Court until the outcome of this case is determined. Furthermore, the
8 Defendants utilize American companies, including CCBill and PayPal, to process credit cards and
9 other payments. Given the behavior of the Defendants thus far, it is eminently proper to issue
10 injunctive relief, which would render these assets frozen in the United States until a judgment has
11 been entered and all equitable relief satisfied. *In re Estate of Ferdinand Marcos*, 25 F.3d 1467,
12 1480 (9th Cir. 1994).

13 The Plaintiffs request an *ex parte* emergency temporary restraining order, ordering the
14 domain names held by the Defendants to be placed under the control of the registry of the Court or
15 a Court-appointed receiver. This relief is not extreme, as the Defendants will still be able to profit
16 from the domain names, they will continue to use them as they have in the past (pending the
17 outcome of trial or further motion practice), but they will be restrained from acts designed to
18 frustrate equity and judgment. Furthermore, Defendants accept funds from U.S. sources. Given
19 their actions to date, it is clear that they will dissipate their ill-gotten profits as well, if they have
20 not done so already. Therefore, a TRO restraining the Defendants (or anyone acting in conjunction
21 with them) from removing funds from U.S. accounts is an appropriate remedy. Given that the
22 Plaintiff is entitled to the equitable remedy of receiving the Defendants' profits from copyright
23 infringement under 17 U.S.C. § 504, this asset and property freeze is appropriate. See *Levi Strauss*
24 & Co., v. *Sunrise Int'l Trading*, 51 F. 3d 982, 987 (11th Cir. 1995); *FTC v. U.S. Oil and Gas Corp.*,
25 748 F. 2d. 1431, 1433-34 (11th Cir. 1984).

**II: PLAINTIFF SHOULD BE GRANTED AN
EX PARTE TEMPORARY RESTRAINING ORDER**

28 The purpose of the penalty provisions of the Copyright Act is to “discourage wrongful infringement as well as to compensate the copyright owner.” *Miller v. Universal City Studios, Inc.*,

1 650 F.2d 1365, 1376 (5th Cir. 1981) (citing *F.W. Woolworth, Company v. Contemporary Arts, Inc.*,
 2 344 U.S. 228, 233, 73 S.Ct. 222, 97 L.Ed.2d 276 (1952)). Both purposes will be frustrated if the
 3 Court fails to issue this order. “Copyright infringement must not be allowed to serve as the
 4 cornerstone of a profitable business.” *Playboy Enterprises, Inc. v. Webbworld, Inc.*, 991 F. Supp.
 5 543, 561 (N.D. Tex. 1997), *affirmed without opinion*, 168 F.3d 486 (5th Cir. 1999). If the
 6 Defendants can simply shift all of their assets and proceeds from copyright infringement over to
 7 offshore entities and offshore banks, in accounts held by shell corporations, they will most certainly
 8 enjoy a profitable business while the wheels of justice slowly grind. If all overseas intellectual
 9 property thieves must do is spirit their ill-gotten gains to coffers outside the reach of American
 10 courts, while they continue to reap the benefits of their theft, then what law could discourage this
 11 kind of activity?

12 Under the Copyright Act, the Plaintiff is entitled to, *inter alia*, the equitable relief of seizure
 13 of the Defendants’ profits, 17 U.S.C. § 504; injunctive relief deemed reasonable to prevent or
 14 restrain infringement, 17 U.S.C. § 502. In this case, such equity will never be realized if the
 15 Defendants are permitted to move property and profits out of the United States and if they are
 16 permitted to continue earning money in the United States, from U.S. citizens, only to spirit the
 17 funds to offshore locations where this Court’s equitable powers lack potency.

18 Courts routinely issue preliminary injunctions freezing defendants’ assets in circumstances
 19 like this one. See, e.g., *Pashaian v. Eccelston Properties, Ltd.*, 88 F.3d 77, 86-87 (2d Cir. 1996);
 20 *Hendricks v. Bank of Am., N.A.*, 408 F.3d 1127, 1141 (9th Cir. 2005) (“district court did not abuse
 21 its discretion by concluding that the Hendricks would face a significant threat of irreparable injury
 22 if a preliminary injunction did not issue to prevent the Bank from honoring Mutual’s draw”). They
 23 are further so issued when equity will be frustrated in the assurance of the order. *In re Estate of*
 24 *Ferdinand Marcos*, 25 F.3d 1467, 1480 (9th Cir. 1994).

25 **A. The Legal Standard for the Requested Relief Has Been Met**

26 A court may grant injunctive relief if the movant shows the following: (1) substantial
 27 likelihood of success on the merits; (2) irreparable injury will be suffered unless the injunction
 28 issues; (3) the threatened injury to the movant outweighs whatever damage the proposed injunction
 may cause the opposing party; and (4) if issued, the injunction would not be adverse to the public

1 interest). *Ferrellgas Ptnrs., L.P. v. Barrow*, 143 Fed. Appx. 180, 186 (11th Cir. 2006); *Int'l
2 Cosmetics Exchange, Inc. v. Gapardis Health & Beauty, Inc.*, 303 F.3d 1242, 1246 (11th Cir.
3 2002)(quoting *Levi Strauss & Co*, 51 F.3d at 985); *Alliance For The Wild Rockies v. Cottrell*, 632
4 F.3d 1127 (9th Cir. 2011)).

5 This remedy is appropriate to ensure that the Defendants are not able to finish out their bad
6 faith fraudulent transfer scheme. The Defendants have engaged in extreme conduct, involving
7 millions of dollars in damages. If the Copyright Act is to mean anything, it should mean that such
8 schemes do not provide a source of profit for the cyber criminals who engage in them. The
9 Defendants see the writing on the wall: the Defendants infringed upon copyrighted works for profit
10 and have been caught. The elements of copyright infringement have been shown, and no
11 affirmative defenses are likely to prevail.

12 **B. Plaintiff LMH Has A Substantial Likelihood of Prevailing on the Merits of Its
13 Copyright Claims**

14 To show a substantial likelihood of prevailing on the merits of a copyright infringement
15 claim, Plaintiff Liberty must show that: (1) it owns the copyright to which its infringement claims
16 relate; and, (2) Defendants violated one of the Plaintiff's exclusive rights in the works. See *Feist
17 Publ'ns, Inc. v. Rural Tel. Serv. Co., Inc.*, 499 U.S. 340, 361 (1991); *Latimer v. Roaring Toyz, Inc.*,
18 601 F.3d 1224, 1232-33 (11th Cir. 2010); *Sid & Marty Kroft Television Prods. Inc. v. McDonald's
19 Corp.*, 562 F.2d 1157, 1162 (9th Cir 1977); *Educational Testing Servs. V. Katzman*, 793 F.2d 533,
20 538 (3d Cir. 1977).

21 The Certificates of Registration for the Liberty's works are of record in this case and
22 attached to the Complaint as Exhibit 10. Section §410(c) of U.S. Code Title 17 specifies that the
23 Certificate of Registration constitutes *prima facie* evidence of the validity and ownership of the
24 copyrights. Ownership is therefore established.

25 After establishing ownership, Plaintiffs must show unauthorized copying or distribution of
26 its works. 17 U.S.C. § 106. The evidence of unauthorized copying and distribution is clear and
27 indisputable: The infringing works are exact digital copies of the Plaintiff's copyrighted materials.
28 Plaintiffs did not authorize Defendants to make such copies or to distribute them. Plaintiffs have
therefore established a *prima facie* case of copyright infringement. See *Feist Publ'ns, Inc.*, 499

1 U.S. at 361; *Latimer*, 601 F.3d at 1232-33; *Sid & Marty Krofft*, 562 F.2d at 1162; *Whelan*
 2 *Associates, Inc. v. Jaslow Dental Laboratory, Inc.*, 797 F.2d 1222, 1231 (3d Cir. 1986);
 3 *Educational Testing*, 793 F.2d at 538. Because of the incontrovertible evidence of Plaintiffs'
 4 copyright ownership and Defendant's unauthorized copying, Plaintiffs have shown a clear
 5 likelihood that they will prevail in their claims.

6 The extent of infringement that can be proven is extensive. While the Defendants have
 7 removed the majority of the videos listed in Exhibit 10 to the Complaint, the Defendants continue
 8 to mount a campaign of infringement for profit through Oron.com and their affiliates. The Oron
 9 website is an online flea market of stolen works.

10 **C. Plaintiff Will Suffer Irreparable Harm in the Absence of the Requested Relief**

11 Irreparable harm exists where in the absence of equitable relief, there is a substantial chance
 12 that upon final resolution, the movant cannot be made whole. See *Brenntag Int'l Chems., Inc. v.*
 13 *Bank of India*, 175 F.3d 245, 249 (2d Cir. 1999). “[A] district court has authority to issue a
 14 preliminary injunction where the plaintiffs can establish that money damages will be an inadequate
 15 remedy due to impending insolvency of the defendant or that defendant has engaged in a pattern of
 16 secreting or dissipating assets to avoid judgment.” *Marcos*, 25 F.3d at 1480. If a party is likely to
 17 take actions that will frustrate a judgment, then the movant’s irreparable harm is shown. See *Signal*
 18 *Capital Corp. v. Frank*, 895 F. Supp. 62, 64 (S.D.N.Y. 1995). While monetary damages might be
 19 available at law in copyright cases, equity compels an impoundment of the instrumentalities of and
 20 the proceeds from infringing activities. 17 U.S.C. § 504.

21 The “financial impact of copyright infringement is hard to measure and often involves
 22 intangible qualities such as customer goodwill.” *Country Kids ‘N City Slicks, Inc. v. Sheen*, 77
 23 F.3d 1280, 1288-89 (10th Cir. 1996). When irreparable economic damages are difficult to
 24 calculate, a finding of irreparable harm is appropriate. See *Lakedreams v. Taylor*, 932 F.2d 1103,
 25 1109 (5th Cir. 1991). The language of 17 U.S.C. § 502 and § 504 combined with the presumed
 26 irreparable harm in copyright cases permits the Court to focus solely on the plaintiff’s likelihood of
 27 prevailing at trial when fashioning preliminary injunctive relief. See *Albert E. Price, Inc. v.*
 28 *Metzner, et al.*, 574 F. Supp. 281, 286 (E.D. Pa. 1983); see also *Educational Testing*, 793 F.2d at
 544; and see 3 Nimmer on Copyright at §14.06[A].

1 The Plaintiffs have demonstrated a substantial likelihood of prevailing on the merits of their
 2 claims and have established the element of irreparable harm. *See Apple Computer, Inc. v. Franklin*
 3 *Computer Corporation*, 714 F.2d 1240, 1254 (3d Cir. 1983); *see also Educational Testing, cited*
 4 *supra*, 793 F.2d at 543-544. The Court should issue injunctive relief.

5 If the requested relief is not granted, Defendants will move their illegal business
 6 instrumentalities and profits offshore, will transfer any funds in any U.S. accounts to foreign bank
 7 accounts, and they will continue to move funds they earn in the United States out of the United
 8 States, thus allowing the impact of this litigation to be nil, and frustrating any efforts to seize their
 9 illegal profits.

10 **D. The Balance of Equities Favors the Issuance of the Requested Injunctive Relief**

11 The requested temporary restraining order is limited in scope. It does nothing more than
 12 prohibit Defendants from fraudulent transfers and compels that they unwind those in which they
 13 have already engaged. An injunction that simply restores thing to their rightful place is neither
 14 extreme nor controversial.

15 It is essential to freeze their domain names and any U.S. funds in order for Plaintiffs to
 16 receive any possible relief. Additionally, the preliminary injunction sought restrains Defendants
 17 from making further unauthorized copies of Plaintiffs' works and distributing pirated materials.
 18 Injunctive relief seeks nothing more than requiring Defendants comply with the Copyright Act, to
 19 unwind fraudulent transfers and to preserve the *status quo* of Defendants' location of their ill-
 20 gotten gains. The imposition on Defendants' legitimate business activities (if any) is minimal and
 21 short-lived. The Plaintiffs' injury (continued infringement of Plaintiff's copyrights, and potential
 22 destruction of evidence) outweighs any possible damage caused to Defendants.

23 **E. The Requested Relief is in the Public Interest**

24 The public has a genuine interest in upholding copyright protections. *See Erickson v. Trinity*
 25 *Theatre, Inc.*, 13 F.3d 1061, 1066 (7th Cir. 1994) (quoting *Apple Computer, Inc. v. Franklin*
 26 *Computer Corp.*, 714 F.2d 1240, 1255 (3d Cir. 1983) ("It is virtually axiomatic that the public
 27 interest can only be served by upholding copyright protections ...")). Defendants' illegal
 28 infringements flout the public policy underlying federal copyright law. The copyright laws further
 the public's interest in protecting business investment, intellectual property, and enforcing federal

1 law. See *Autoskill, Inc. v. Nat'l Educ. Support Sys., Inc.*, 994 F.2d 1476, 1499 (10th Cir. 1993).
 2 See also 3 Nimmer on Copyright, §14.06[A]; *Perfect 10, Inc. v. Cybernet Venutres, Inc.*, 213
 3 F.Supp.2d 1146 (C.D. Ca. 2002). The public interest favors issuance of the requested relief.

4 Plaintiffs will succeed on their copyright and other claims. Clear, immediate, and
 5 irreparable harm is present. The balance of hardships weighs in favor of protecting the Plaintiffs'
 6 copyrights. The TRO will further the public interest in enforcing federal law and protecting
 7 copyrights from piracy, and keeping scofflaws from evading responsibility for their actions.

8 **F. Ex Parte Relief is Essential**

9 Fed. R. Civ. Proc. 65 permits issuance of a temporary restraining order without prior notice
 10 to Defendants. By its very terms, Rule 65 allows for the issuance of an *ex parte* order.

11 A temporary restraining order may be granted without written or oral notice to the adverse
 12 party or his attorney only if (1) it clearly appears from specific facts shown by affidavit or by the
 13 verified complaint that immediate and irreparable injury, loss, or damage will result to the applicant
 14 before the adverse party or his attorney can be heard in opposition, and (2) the applicant's attorney
 15 certifies to the court in writing the efforts, if any, which have been made to give the notice and the
 16 reasons supporting his claim that notice should not be required.

17 An *ex parte* order preserves the *status quo* and prevents irreparable harm. See *Granny*
 18 *Goose Foods, Inc., et al. v. Brotherhood of Teamsters*, 415 U.S. 423, 439 (1974). Courts grant a
 19 temporary restraining order when: (1) immediate and irreparable injury, loss, or damage will result
 20 to the applicant before the adverse party can be heard in opposition; and, (2) the applicant
 21 sufficiently demonstrates the reason notice should not be required. Numerous courts recognized
 22 the need for *ex parte* temporary restraining orders in intellectual property cases. See *Vuitton v.*
 23 *White*, 945 F.2d 569 (3d Cir. 1991); see also *NBA Properties v. Various John Does*, 113 F.3d 1246
 24 (10th Cir. 1997), *dec'n without published opinion, reported in full at* 1997 U.S. App. LEXIS 11946
 25 (10th Cir. 1997); and see *American Can Company v. Mansukhani*, 742 F.2d 314, 321 (7th Cir.
 26 1984) (holding Rule 65 "expressly contemplates the issuance of *ex parte* temporary restraining
 27 orders").

28 Regarding the issuance of temporary restraining orders, the Second Circuit Court of
 Appeals issued a writ of mandamus ordering the district court grant *ex parte* relief:

The ex parte temporary restraining order is indispensable to the commencement of an action when it is the sole method of preserving a state of affairs in which the court can provide effective final relief. Immediate action is vital when imminent destruction of the disputed property, its removal beyond the confines of the state, or its sale to an innocent third party is threatened. In these situations, giving the defendant notice of the application for an injunction could result in an inability to provide any relief at all. *Id.* at 4, quoting *Developments In The Law – Injunctions*, 78 Harv. L. Rev. 994, 1060 (199965); see also *Fimab-Finanziaria Maglificio Biellese Fratelli Fila S.P.A. v. Kitchen*, 548 F. Supp. 2487, 249-250 (S.D. Fla. 1982) (recognizing the need for *ex parte* restraining orders in infringement cases and citing numerous unpublished orders granting such relief).

Vuitton Et Fils S.A., 606 F.2d 1 (2d Cir. 1991). The Court further explained:

[a]ssuming that all of the other requirements of Rule 65 are met, the rule by its very terms allows for the issuance of an *ex parte* temporary restraining order when (1) the failure to issue it would result in “immediate and irreparable injury, loss, or damage” and (2) the applicant sufficiently demonstrates the reason that notice “should not be required.” In a trademark infringement case such as this, a substantial likelihood of confusion constitutes, in and of itself, irreparable injury sufficient to satisfy the requirements of Rule 65(b)(1) . . .

Id. at 3 (citations omitted.)

To obtain *ex parte* relief, a “Plaintiff need not show that a particular Defendant would not adhere to a temporary restraining order, but rather only that someone like the defendant would be likely to hide or destroy the evidence of his infringing activity.” *Century Home Entertainment, Inc. v. Laser Beat, Inc.*, 859 F.Supp. 636, 638 (E.D.N.Y. 1994) (citing *In The Matter Of: Vuitton, cited supra*). In this case, U.S. based assets *are* being spirited offshore; Defendants have *already* engaged in fraudulent transfers. See Declaration of Marc J. Randazza ¶ 3-6 (hereinafter “Randazza Dec.”), **Exhibits A-C.**

Plaintiffs have substantial equitable remedies awaiting them. 17 U.S.C. §§ 502-505. However, remedial and legal relief is unavailable if Defendants remove all property and funds subject to Plaintiff’s recovery beyond the reach of the Court. Prior notice would “render fruitless further prosecution of the action.” *Vuitton, cited supra*, 606 F.2d at 5.

Courts grant Rule 65(b) *ex parte* injunctive relief in two situations: (1) a showing that notice is impossible because plaintiff is unaware of the defendant’s identity or location; or, (2) a showing that proceeding *ex parte* is the only method by which the court can fashion effective final relief. See *In The Matter Of: Vuitton*, 606 F.2d at 4. To justify *ex parte* proceedings under

1 situation (2) above, the movant must show: (1) the adverse party historically disposes of evidence
2 or violates court orders; *or*, (2) that persons similar to the adverse party have such a history. See
3 *First Technology Safety Systems, Inc. v. Depinet*, 11 F.3d 641, 651 (6th Cir. 1998); *Vector*
4 *Research v. Howard & Howard Attorneys, P.C.*, 1996 U.S. App. LEXIS 7492 (6th Cir. 1996).

When giving notice to the defendants will result in the dumping of goods or other nefarious
deeds, it is appropriate to issue *ex parte* orders without notice. *Fimab-Finanziaria Maglificio*
Biellese Fratelli Fila S.p.A. v. Kitchen, 548 F.Supp. 248, 249 (S.D. Fla. 1982); *see also Vuitton*,
606 F.2d at 2-3. *Ex parte* relief is sometimes the only effective tool for combating intellectual
property theft when the defendants are overseas acting dishonestly. See, e.g. *Reebok International, Inc. v. Marnatech Enterterprises, Inc.*, 970 F.2d 522 (9th Cir. 1992); *Vuitton v. White*, F.2d 569,
571-72 (3d Cir. 1991). That is exactly what is happening here. Plaintiffs are entitled to issuance of
an *ex parte* temporary restraining order. It is the only method of preserving the status quo because
defendants have already taken affirmative steps to move assets beyond the court's reach in order to
frustrate any order the court may issue. See Randazza Dec. ¶ 6.

15 A TRO is appropriate. Defendants' willful infringements and fraudulent transfers of assets
16 make it critical that the Court order seizure before Defendants completely dissipate their funds and
17 completely transfer their assets. Additionally, where danger of destruction or hiding evidence
18 exists, the federal rules permit issuance of *ex parte* seizure and impoundment orders, and this is the
19 kind of situation that the rule was intended to address. *See Universal City Studios, Inc. v. Ronnie*
20 *Lorizzo*, 9:03-CV-5182(SJ) (E.D.N.Y. Nov. 17, 1993); *see also The Walt Disney Company, v. Jim*
21 *Garofalo*, 9:02-CV-5314 (E.D.N.Y. Nov. 12, 1992).

**III. PLAINTIFF WILL PROVIDE ADEQUATE SECURITY
IF HARDSHIP IS PROVEN**

In the event that the Defendants **prove hardship**, they may propose a bond. However, they bear the burden of proving hardship. See *Connecticut General Life Ins. Co. v. New Images of Beverly Hills*, 321 F.3d. 878, 882 (9th Cir. 2003) (in an asset freeze injunction, “the bond amount may be zero if there is no evidence the party will suffer damages from the injunction”). The likelihood of harm to the Defendants is nil. The only thing that a failure to grant the requested relief would do would be to allow the Defendants to continue their illegal enterprise and to

1 continue to move to frustrate any order this Court may issue. The entry of the requested injunctive
2 relief would be no different than an injunction against a thief commanding him to stop fencing his
3 stolen goods. A bond is neither necessary, nor proper. However, if the Court is inclined to
4 entertain a request for a bond, then it should hold an evidentiary hearing at which the Defendants
5 should be required to meet their evidentiary burden to prove hardship. A mere request for one,
6 without sworn testimony specifically articulating the alleged harm and an opportunity to cross-
7 examine witnesses, should not be entertained.

IV. DEFENDANTS SHOULD BE ORDERED TO SHOW CAUSE
REGARDING THE ISSUANCE OF A PRELIMINARY INJUNCTION

The standard for issuance of preliminary injunction is equal to the standard for issuance of a temporary restraining order. See *Speaks v. Kruse*, 445 F.3d 396, 399-400 (5th Cir. 2006). Plaintiffs have overcome the burden to meet these standards. This Court should issue a show-cause order requiring Defendants demonstrate any countervailing argument the Court should not issue a preliminary injunction continuing the relief granted in the temporary restraining order.

V. THE COURT SHOULD APPOINT A RECEIVER TO TAKE POSSESSION OF THE DEFENDANTS' ASSETS

The only way to ensure that assets are available to Plaintiffs for recovery on their judgment and to ensure that the Defendants' profits, which equity will give to the Plaintiffs, is to appoint a receiver and order Defendants to turn over control of their websites to the receiver. Their businesses can then function just as they do now, but they will not be able to resist collection on the value of their domains at the close of litigation.

The appointment of a receiver by a federal court is governed by federal law and federal equitable principles. *Nat'l P'ship Inv. Corp. v. Nat'l Hous. Dev. Corp.*, 153 F.3d 1289, 1292 (11th Cir. 1998); *Aviation Supply Corp. v. R.S.B.I. Aerospace, Inc.*, 999 F.2d 314, 316-17 (8th Cir. 1993). Rule 66 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure specifically provides that an action in which the appointment of a receiver is sought is governed by the federal rules.

Appointment of a receiver is an equitable remedy. *Aviation Supply Corp.*, 999 F.2d at 316. Although no precise formula for determining when a receiver may be appointed exists, court typically consider several factors: 1) whether fraudulent activity has or will occur, 2) the validity of

1 the claim, 3) the danger that property will be lost or diminished in value, 4) inadequacy of legal
 2 remedy, 5) availability of less severe equitable remedy, and 6) the probability that a receiver may
 3 do more harm than good. *Id.* at 316-17 (willful nondisclosure and false disclosure to avoid a
 4 judgment credit supported appointment of a receiver); *Bookout v. Atlans Fin. Corp.*, 395 F. Supp.
 5 1338, 1342 (N.D. Ga. 1974) (during action to enforce note and security agreement, financial
 6 manipulations raise sufficient evidence of fraud to warrant appointment of receiver), *aff'd* 514 F.2d
 7 757 (5th Cir. 1975); *Sec. & Exch. Comm'n v. Kirkland*, Case No. 2011 WL 3119395 6:06-cv-183-
 8 Orl-28KRS (Doc. No. 10) (M.D. Fla. 2007); *Motion Dynamics, Inc. v. Nu-Best Franchising, Inc.*,
 9 2006 WL 1050639 (M.D. Fla. 2006) ("Plaintiff has demonstrated ... that Defendants have likely
 10 engaged in conduct that, without the appointment of a receiver, will post a substantial threat that
 11 the property at issue will be lost, squandered or significantly diminished in value.") Consideration
 12 of these factors in the instant matter, particularly in light of Defendant's fraudulent transfers,
 13 supports the appointment of a receiver.

14 Liberty recommends Laura Pearson of Rimon Law Group for appointment as receiver of
 15 the domain names and assets at issue until the completion of this case. Pearson is a Nevada-based
 16 intellectual property attorney. She is admitted to practice before this court, the District of Nevada,
 17 and is currently serving as a receiver in *Righthaven v. Hoehn*, Civil Case No. 2:11-cv-00050 (D.
 18 Nev. 2011).

19 The undersigned counsel for Liberty has worked with Pearson in the past and believes that
 20 the interest of the court would best be served by her being appointed. Because of her familiarity
 21 with the technologies at issue, Pearson possesses the time and experience necessary to oversee the
 22 domain names and funds within the United States. Her fees and expenses would be submitted to
 23 the Court for approval and, following approval, be paid by the proceeds of the sale of Defendants'
 24 assets, if necessary.

25 \\
 26 \\
 27 \\
 28 \\

VI. CONCLUSION

Defendants illegally distributed copies of the Plaintiffs copyrighted materials for profit. Defendants' conduct is patently indefensible. It immediately and irreparably harms Plaintiffs. The Court should grant Plaintiffs' motions for a temporary restraining order, order for seizure, order for expedited discovery, and order to show cause. The Court should grant these requests *ex parte* and without advance notice to Defendants to preserve the *status quo* and permit the Court to fashion effective relief at trial.

Dated: June 20, 2012

Respectfully Submitted,

s/Marc J. Randazza

Marc J. Randazza, Esq., NV Bar # 12265
Ronald D. Green, NV Bar # 7360
J. Malcolm DeVoy, NV Bar #11950
Randazza Legal Group
6525 W. Warm Springs Rd., Ste. 100
Las Vegas, NV 89118
888-667-1113
305-437-7662 (fax)
rlgall@randazza.com

IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
DISTRICT OF NEVADA

Liberty Media Holdings, LLC, a California) Case No.: 2:12-cv-01507
Corporation)
Plaintiff,) **DECLARATION OF MARC J. RANDAZZA**
vs.) **IN SUPPORT OF PLAINTIFF'S**
FF Magnat Limited d/b/a Oron.com; Maxim) **EMERGENCY MOTION FOR EX PARTE**
Bochenko a/k/a Roman Romanov; and John) **TEMPORARY RESTRAINING ORDER**
Does 1-500,)
Defendants.)

I, MARC J. RANDAZZA, do hereby declare under the penalty of perjury:

1. I am over the age of 18 and am a resident of the State of Nevada.

2. I have personal knowledge of the facts herein, and if called as a witness, could testify competently thereto.

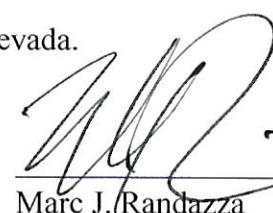
3. On May 30, 2012, I provided to Oron's counsel, Stevan Lieberman, Esq., a draft of a complaint that I was preparing to file against the Defendants. Since that time, I have been corresponding via email and communicating via telephone with Oron's attorneys to attempt to either reach amicable settlement or to arrange for the handling of these claims in Mediation.

1 4. On June 20, 2012, I was made aware, by a third party, that FF Magnat Limited is
2 transferring large amounts of funds from their PayPal account to a bank account in Hong Kong. A
3 true and correct copy of the proof of this transfer is attached as Exhibit C.

4 5. It is my position that the transfer of this domain name and the transfer of these funds
5 demonstrates that the Defendants and their attorneys were negotiating potential settlement and
6 mediation in bad-faith. I further believe that these assets are being intentionally moved offshore for
7 the express intent of keeping the company's valuable property away from the reach of U.S. Courts.

8 6. I verify that the fact alleged in the complaint pertaining to the Defendants' copyright
9 infringement are, to the best of my knowledge, true and correct.

10 11 Dated this 20 day of June, 2012 in Las Vegas, Nevada.



12 13 14 Marc J. Randazza

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IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
DISTRICT OF NEVADA

Liberty Media Holdings, LLC, a California) Case No.: 2:12-cv-01507
Corporation)
Plaintiff,) **DECLARATION OF ERIKA DILLON IN
vs.) SUPPORT OF PLAINTIFF'S EMERGENCY
FF Magnat Limited d/b/a Oron.com; Maxim) MOTION FOR EX PARTE TEMPORARY
Bochenko a/k/a Roman Romanov; and John) RESTRAINING ORDER
Does 1-500,)
Defendants.)**

I, MARC J. RANDAZZA, do hereby declare under the penalty of perjury:

1. I am over the age of 18 and am a resident of the State of Nevada.
2. I am employed by Plaintiff Liberty Media Holdings, LLC as an in-house paralegal and online investigator.
3. I have personal knowledge of the facts herein, and if called as a witness, could testify competently thereto.
4. It is my regular practice to record WhoIs information for various websites that may become the targets of litigation. The WhoIs databases record the publicly available record of contact information for different websites and through which companies these websites are registered.

1 5. On January 12, 2012, I recorded the WhoIs information for Oron.com. A true and
2 correct copy of this information is attached to the instant motion as Exhibit B.

3 6. On June 20, 2012, I again recorded the same WhoIs information for Oron.com. A
4 true and correct copy of this information is attached to the instant motion as Exhibit A.

5 7. The information available in Exhibit A indicates that on June 12, 2012, the
6 Oron.com website was moved from registration with Network Solutions, LLC, an American
7 company, to registration with EuroDNS S.A., a European company.

8
9 Dated this 20th day of June, 2012 in Las Vegas, Nevada.

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11 
12 Erika Dillon
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EXHIBIT A


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oron.com

Whois Search

Search

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[ITT Tech - Official Site](#)

100 + Locations & Online Programs
Official ITT Tech Site.
Get Info!
[www2.itt-tech.edu](#)

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13,000 square feet + parking, Ample power + heating
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[Whois](#) > Oron.com

Oron.com Whois Record

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[Meet Singles over 50](#) Greater Las Vegas Area Dating Relationship-minded Singles Only! [MatureProfessionalSingles.org](#)

[Send Big Files - No Limit](#) Send & Store Large Files Instantly! Won "Top 10 Tools" Award - Try Free [www.ShareFile.com](#)

[Job Openings](#) Search For Job Openings. Apply For a Position Today! [www.findtherightjob.com](#)

[Download Google Chrome](#) A free browser that lets you do more of what you like on the web [www.google.com/chrome](#)

[See Who's Online Now](#) Hundreds of Singles Near You. View Pics, Wink & Flirt for Free! [Match.com](#)

Whois Record [Site Profile](#) [Registration](#) [Server Stats](#) [My Whois](#)

Reverse Whois: "[WhoisPrivacy Limited](#)" owns about [27,290 other domains](#)

Registrar History: [5 registrars](#)

NS History: [10 changes](#) on 8 unique name servers over 6 years.

IP History: [56 changes](#) on 24 unique IP addresses over 8 years.

Whois History: [966 records](#) have been archived since 2005-06-06.

Reverse IP: [1 other site is](#) hosted on this server.



[Log In](#) or [Create a FREE account](#) to start monitoring this domain name

Domain: ORON.COM

Registrar: Eurodns S.A.

Registrant:

Company: WhoisPrivacy Limited

Name: Privacy Whois

Address: 3/F Jonsim Place, 228 Queen's Road East

City: Wanchai

Country: HONG KONG

Postal Code: HK

Administrative Contact:

Company: WhoisPrivacy Limited

Name: Privacy Whois

Address: 3/F Jonsim Place, 228 Queen's Road East

City: Wanchai

Country: HONG KONG

Postal Code: HK

Phone: +852 5808 1344

Fax: +852 5808 1345

Email: 18f70c2e39672c62@whoisprivacy.com

Technical Contact:

Company: WhoisPrivacy Limited

Name: Privacy Whois

Address: 3/F Jonsim Place, 228 Queen's Road East

City: Wanchai

Country: HONG KONG

Postal Code: HK

Phone: +852 5808 1344

Fax: +852 5808 1345

Email: 18f70c2e39672c62@whoisprivacy.com

Original Creation Date: 2001-06-01

Expiration Date: 2020-05-31

Status:

clientTransferProhibited

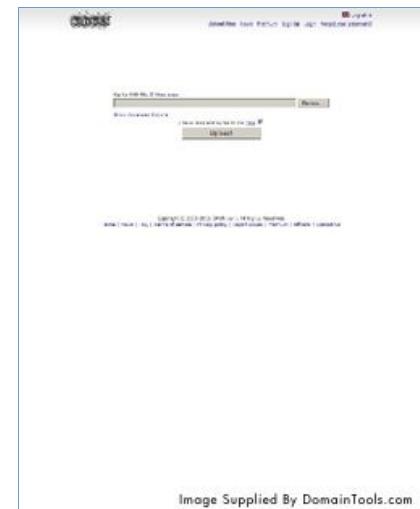


Image Supplied By DomainTools.com



Country TLDs General TLDs

Available domains for registration:

Oron.fr

[Register](#)

Oron.jp

[Register](#)

Oron.tw

[Register](#)

[Register All Selected >](#)

[Easy Build storage](#)

Save Do-It-Yourself!
Summer Savings Free
Custom Quote Now
866-200-9657
HansenPoleBuildings
.com/StormProof

Nameserver Information:
Nameserver: ns1.oron.com
Nameserver: ns2.oron.com

[Backorder This Domain](#)

Whois Directory

[a](#) [b](#) [c](#) [d](#) [e](#) [f](#) [g](#) [h](#) [i](#) [j](#) [k](#) [l](#) [m](#) [n](#) [o](#) [p](#) [q](#) [r](#) [s](#) [t](#) [u](#) [v](#) [w](#) [x](#) [y](#) [z](#) [0](#) [1](#) [2](#) [3](#) [4](#) [5](#) [6](#) [7](#) [8](#) [9](#)

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Cloud

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Improve Your Life.
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4. Strange Berry Burns Fat.

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ConsumerLifeStyle.org

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Oron.com Whois Record

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[See Who's Online Now](#) Hundreds of Singles Near You. View Pics, Wink & Flirt for Free! [Match.com](#)
[Whois Record](#) [Site Profile](#) **Registration** [Server Stats](#) [My Whois](#)
ICANN Registrar: **EURODNS S.A**

Created: 2001-06-01

Expires: **2020-06-01** [Backorder Now](#)

Updated: 2012-06-12

Registrar Status: [clientTransferProhibited](#)Name Server: NS1.ORN.COM (has [1 domains](#))NS2.ORN.COM (has [1 domains](#))

Whois Server: whois.eurodns.com

General TLDs: [Oron.com](#) (registered and active website)[Oron.net](#) (registered and active website)[Oron.org](#) (registered and active website)[Oron.biz](#) (registered and active website)[Oron.info](#) (registered and active website)[Oron.us](#) (registered and no website)

Image Supplied By DomainTools.com


Country TLDs General TLDs

Available domains for registration:

 Oron.fr[Register](#) Oron.jp[Register](#) Oron.tw[Register](#)[Register All Selected >](#)

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 .com/StormProof

[Whois Directory](#)

[a b c d e f g h i i k ! m n o o p q r s t u v w x y z 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9](#)

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schools.classesandcareers.com



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3. Investigate any Domain

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www.abongo.com

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EXHIBIT B

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oron.com

Whois Search

Search

[Overview](#) [Whois Lookup](#) [Reverse Whois](#) [Whois History](#) [Hosting History](#) [Screenshot History](#) [Name Server Report](#) [Reverse IP](#) [DNS Tools](#)

Whois Record For Oron.com

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Whois Record

Related Domains For Sale or At Auction

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[AdoRon.com](#) (\$1,500) [KoroniSportsaPparel.com](#) (\$1,800) [ToronBang.com](#) (Bid)
[Oron.us](#) (\$1,000) [TorontoMovieGuide.com](#) (Bid) [Oronsko.com](#) (\$888)

Reverse Whois: "FF MAGNAT Limited" owns about [3 other domains](#)Email Search: jd88h2ma87f@networksolutionsprivateregistration.com is associated with about 2 domainsRegistrar History: [5 registrars](#)NS History: [9 changes](#) on 8 unique name servers over 6 years.IP History: [56 changes](#) on 24 unique IP addresses over 8 years.Whois History: [806 records](#) have been archived since [2005-06-06](#).Dedicated Hosting: [oron.com](#) is hosted on a [dedicated server](#).[Monitor This Domain Name](#)
Registrant:
 FF MAGNAT Limited
 ATTN ORON.COM

 care of Network Solutions
 PO Box 459
 Drums, PA. US 18222

Domain Name: ORON.COM

Administrative Contact, Technical Contact:

Limited, FF MAGNAT jd88h2ma87f@networksolutionsprivateregistration.com
 ATTN ORON.COM
 care of Network Solutions
 PO Box 459
 Drums, PA 18222
 US
 570-708-8780

 Record expires on 01-Jun-2019.
 Record created on 08-Jul-2010.

Domain servers in listed order:

 NS43.WORLDSNIC.COM 205.178.190.22
 NS44.WORLDSNIC.COM 206.188.198.22


Last checked November 30, 2011

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[Country TLDs](#) [General TLDs](#)

Available domains for registration:

- | | |
|--|--------------------------|
| <input type="checkbox"/> Oron.at | Register |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Oron.dk | Register |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Oron.fr | Register |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Oron.jp | Register |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Oron.mx | Register |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Oron.se | Register |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Oron.tw | Register |

[Register All Selected >](#)



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[Reverse Whois](#)
[History Details](#)
[Get Notified](#)
[Trademark Monitor](#)
[Screenshot History](#)

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\$25 tickets, warrants from \$75 dui, criminal 382-9307Atty S. Karen stevenjkaren.com

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Don't Delay - Get Hosted Exchange! 30 Day Trial - Sign Up Today.
www.123together.com

[GoDaddy #1 domain names](#)

\$7.99 .COM Domains - Save Today Free Hosting, Blogcast, Email, More GoDaddy.com

[Online File Storage](#)

Store Your Important Files Online Start Your Free 30-Day Trial Today!
www.SugarSync.com/
Online_Storage

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[Easy Secure File Sharing](#) Share Business Data & Files Online. Works On All Devices. Free Trial! www.soonr.com

[Revelation Today](#) Attend a free in-depth prophecy series live in Las Vegas - Jan 20. www.revelationtodaylasvegas.com

[Free Online Backup Trial](#) Successful American Businesses Choose KineticD. Sign Up Free Today KineticD.com/SMB

[Server Colocation](#) Server Colocation Services for PA NJ DE MD NY DSSDataCenter.com/our-solutions

ICANN Registrar: **NETWORK SOLUTIONS, LLC.**

Created: 2001-06-01

Expires: 2019-06-01

Updated: 2010-07-14

Registrar Status: **clientTransferProhibited**Name Server: NS43.WORLDSNIC.COM (has [3,090,733 domains](#))NS44.WORLDSNIC.COM (has [3,090,733 domains](#))

Whois Server: whois.networksolutions.com

General TLDs: [Oron.com](#) (registered and active website)[Oron.net](#) (registered and active website)[Oron.org](#) (registered and active website)[Oron.biz](#) (registered and active website)[Oron.info](#) (registered and active website)[Oron.us](#) (registered and active website)

<input type="checkbox"/> Oron.at	Register
<input type="checkbox"/> Oron.dk	Register
<input type="checkbox"/> Oron.jp	Register
<input type="checkbox"/> Oron.mx	Register
<input type="checkbox"/> Oron.se	Register
<input type="checkbox"/> Oron.tw	Register

[Register All Selected >](#)

EXHIBIT C

Dear FF MAGNAT LIMITED,

You asked us to transfer \$852,278.58 HKD from PayPal to your bank account, and we're processing it now. It usually takes 3 - 6 working days for transfers to be completed which means that you should see the money in your bank account by .

Here are the details:

Total amount transferred	\$852,278.58 HKD
Bank account	HSBC x4838
Transaction ID	<u>4BS319827E305133M</u>

PayPal

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8 **IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT**
9 **DISTRICT OF NEVADA**

10 Liberty Media Holdings, LLC, a California) Case No.: 2:12-cv-01507
11 Corporation)
12 Plaintiff,)
13 vs.)
14 FF Magnat Limited d/b/a Oron.com; Maxim)
15 Bochenko a/k/a Roman Romanov; and John)
16 Does 1-500,)
17 Defendants.)
18

19 The Plaintiff has shown a substantial likelihood of success on merit of its claims sufficient
20 for the Court to issue a limited temporary restraining order. Plaintiff alleges copyright
21 infringement, contributory copyright infringement, vicarious copyright infringement and
22 inducement of copyright infringement. Initial Complaint. To show a substantial likelihood of
23 prevailing on the merits of a copyright infringement claim, Plaintiff must show that: (1) it owns the
24 copyright to which its infringement claims relate; and, (2) Defendants violated one of the Plaintiff's
25 exclusive rights in the works. See *Feist Publ'n's, Inc. v. Rural Tel. Serv. Co., Inc.*, 499 U.S. 340,
26 361 (1991); *Latimer v. Roaring Toyz, Inc.*, 601 F.3d 1224, 1232-33 (11th Cir. 2010); *Sid & Marty*
27 *Kroft Television Prods. Inc. v. McDonald's Corp.*, 562 F.2d 1157, 1162 (9th Cir 1977);
28 *Educational Testing Servs. v. Katzman*, 793 F.2d 533, 538 (3d Cir. 1977). These two factors have
been clearly established by the Plaintiff.

1 Finding that the Plaintiff has good cause for the relief requested herein, it is hereby ordered
2 that:

- 3 1. Any bank or financial institution in the United States with an account belonging to
4 FF Magnat Limited, Oron.com, Bochenko, Romanov, or anyone acting
5 demonstrably in concert with them, will immediately freeze those funds from being
6 withdrawn for a period of thirty (30) days until a hearing on Preliminary Injunction
7 can be held;
- 8 2. PayPal, Inc. will immediately freeze any and all funds in any FF Magnat Limited or
9 Oron.com accounts from being withdrawn for a period of thirty (30) days until a
10 hearing on Preliminary Injunction can be held;
- 11 3. CCBill, LLC will immediately freeze any and all funds in any FF Magnat Limited
12 or Oron.com accounts from being withdrawn for a period of thirty (30) days until a
13 hearing on Preliminary Injunction can be held;
- 14 4. AlertPay will immediately freeze any and all funds in any FF Magnat Limited or
15 Oron.com accounts from being withdrawn for a period of thirty (30) days until a
16 hearing on Preliminary Injunction can be held;
- 17 5. VeriSign will freeze the www.oron.com domain name from any further transfer;
- 18 6. All Defendants are hereby enjoined from disgorging or dissipating any funds,
19 property, domain names, or other assets until further notice.

20 **IT IS HEREBY ORDERED.**

21 Dated: _____, 2012

22 _____
23 United States District Judge

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28