

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK

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PEARSON EDUCATION, INC., :
JOHN WILEY & SONS, INC., :
THOMSON LEARNING INC. AND :
THE MCGRAW-HILL COMPANIES, INC., :

Plaintiffs,

-against-

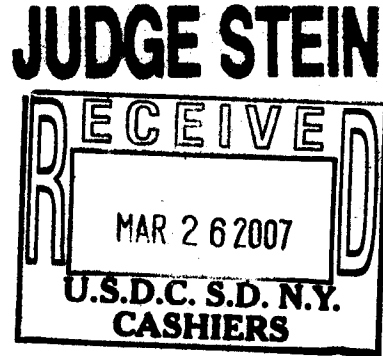
CHEN CHOU LIN, YU-LING CHUANG, :
AND JUSTIN LI D/B/A READMATE :
AND JOHN DOES NOS. 1-5, :

Defendants.

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07 CV 2423

07 Civ.



COMPLAINT

Plaintiffs Pearson Education, Inc. ("Pearson"), John Wiley & Sons, Inc. ("Wiley"), Thomson Learning Inc. ("Thomson") and The McGraw-Hill Companies, Inc. ("McGraw-Hill"), by their undersigned attorneys, for their complaint against defendants Chen Chou Lin, Yu-ling Chuang and Justin Li, all d/b/a ReadMate, and John Doe Nos. 1 through 5, aver:

Nature of the Action

1. Plaintiffs are bringing this action to enforce their copyrights and trademarks against defendants' unlawful sale in the United States of non-United States versions of plaintiffs' educational books.

Jurisdiction and Venue

2. This Court has subject matter jurisdiction over the first two claims in this action pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §§ 1331 and 1338 because they arise under the Copyright Act, 17 U.S.C. § 101 et seq., or the Lanham Act, 15 U.S.C. § 1051 et seq. This Court has subject matter jurisdiction over the third claim in this action pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1367 because it is so related to the claims within the original jurisdiction of this Court that they form part of the same case or controversy within the meaning of Article III of the United States Constitution.

3. Upon information and belief, venue is proper in this District pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1391.

Parties

4. Pearson is a Delaware corporation with its principal place of business at One Lake Street, Upper Saddle River, New Jersey 07458.

5. Wiley is a New York corporation with its principal place of business at 111 River Street, Hoboken, New Jersey 07030.

6. Thomson is a corporation organized and existing under the laws of Delaware with its principal place of business at 200 First Stamford Place, 4th Floor, Stamford, Connecticut 06902.

7. McGraw-Hill is a New York corporation with its principal place of business at 1221 Avenue of the Americas, New York, New York 10020.

8. Upon information and belief, defendant Chen Chou Lin is a natural person residing at 4737 Alex Drive, San Jose, California.

9. Upon information and belief, defendant Yu-Ling Chuang is a natural person residing at 4737 Alex Drive, San Jose, California.

10. Upon information and belief, defendant Justin Li is a natural person residing 9101 Patterson Avenue, No. 80, Richmond, Virginia.

11. Upon information and belief, defendants Chen Chou Lin, Yu-Ling Chuang and Justin Li are doing business as "ReadMate."

12. Upon information and belief, defendants John Doe Nos. 1-5 are associates of Chen Chou Lin, Yu-Ling Chuang and/or Justin Li whose identities are presently unknown to plaintiffs.

The Businesses of Plaintiffs

13. Each plaintiff publishes a variety of works, including educational books.

14. As a standard practice, each plaintiff requires its authors to assign the copyright to them or grant them the exclusive rights of reproduction and distribution in the United

States. This practice enables each plaintiff to maximize dissemination of each work.

15. Plaintiffs invest significant monies to publish their copyrighted works. Plaintiffs, for example, make substantial investments in royalties, content creation, licensing, copyediting, proofreading, typesetting, layout, printing, binding, distribution, and promotion.

16. Plaintiffs earn a substantial portion of their revenue from the publication of their copyrighted works and would suffer serious financial injury if their copyrights were not enforced. A substantial decline in their income could cause plaintiffs to cease publishing one or more deserving books or journals. This would adversely impact the creation of new works, scholarly endeavor, and scientific progress.

17. Plaintiffs' educational books authorized for sale in the United States are of the highest quality (the "United States Editions"). These books are generally printed with strong, hard-cover bindings with glossy protective coatings and, in some cases, contain extra features such as sewn ribbon bookmarks. Plaintiffs frequently offer academic supplements, such as CD-ROMs, computer passwords that provide purchasers with access to academic websites corresponding to the textbooks, and study guides with the United States Editions.

18. Plaintiffs generally create different versions of their educational books that are intended for sale in specific geographic markets outside of the United States (the "Foreign Editions"). The Foreign Editions materially differ from the United States Editions. The Foreign Editions have thinner paper and different bindings, different cover and jacket designs, fewer internal ink colors, if any, lower quality photographs and graphics, and generally lower prices than the United States Editions. Also, the Foreign Editions often lack academic supplements, such as CD-ROMs, website passwords, or study guides. The Foreign Editions are generally marked to indicate their lower cost by a legend indicating, in substance, that the title is a "Low Price Edition" and/or authorized for sale only in a particular country or geographic region. The Foreign Editions are uniformly manufactured outside of the United States.

Plaintiffs' Copyrights and Trademarks

19. Plaintiffs routinely register their copyrights. Pearson has registered the works identified on Schedule A (the "Pearson Copyrights"). Wiley has registered the works identified on Schedule B (the "Wiley Copyrights"). Thomson has registered the works identified on Schedule C (the "Thomson Copyrights"). McGraw-Hill has registered the works identified on Schedule D (the "McGraw-Hill Copyrights").

20. Plaintiffs also own, themselves or through their parent or affiliate companies, trademarks that they use to differentiate their products from those of their competitors.

21. Pearson PLC, Pearson's ultimate parent company, is the owner of and Pearson is an exclusive licensee of, with the accompanying right and duty to protect and enforce Pearson PLC's rights therein, the well-known trademarks "Pearson," "Pearson Education" and "Prentice Hall." Pearson's affiliate corporation Addison Wesley Longman, Inc., is the owner of, and Pearson is the exclusive licensee of, with the accompanying right and duty to protect and enforce its and its affiliate company's rights therein, the well known trademarks "Addison Wesley" or "Addison-Wesley" (the "Pearson Trademarks"). The United States Registrations for the Pearson Trademarks are identified on Schedule E.

22. Among Wiley's well-known trademarks are "John Wiley & Sons," "Wiley," and the "John Wiley Colophon" (the "Wiley Trademarks"). The United States Registrations for the Wiley Trademarks are identified on Schedule F.

23. Among Thomson's well-known trademarks are "Thomson Learning" (the "Thomson Trademarks"). The United States Registrations for the Thomson Trademarks are identified on Schedule G.

24. Among McGraw-Hill's well-known trademarks are "McGraw-Hill," "The McGraw-Hill Companies" and "Irwin" (the "McGraw-Hill Trademarks"). The United States Registrations for the McGraw-Hill Trademarks are identified on Schedule H.

The Infringing Acts of Defendants

25. Defendants have without permission purchased Foreign Editions of plaintiffs' books manufactured outside of the United States and resold them to purchasers in the United States through the Internet at the website www.abebooks.com using the store "ReadMate."

FIRST CLAIM FOR RELIEF

(Copyright Infringement - 17 U.S.C. § 501)

26. Plaintiffs repeat the averments contained in paragraphs 1 through 25 as if set forth in full.

27. Pearson has received United States Certificates of Copyright Registration for the Pearson Copyrights.

28. Wiley has received United States Certificates of Copyright Registration for the Wiley Copyrights.

29. Thomson has received United States Certificates of Copyright Registration for the Thomson Copyrights.

30. McGraw-Hill has received United States Certificates of Copyright Registration for the McGraw-Hill Copyrights.

31. The Pearson, Wiley, Thomson and McGraw-Hill Copyrights are valid and enforceable.

32. Defendants have infringed the Pearson, Wiley, Thomson and McGraw-Hill Copyrights in violation of 17 U.S.C. § 501.

33. Defendants' acts have irreparably damaged and, unless enjoined, will continue to irreparably damage plaintiffs. Plaintiffs have no adequate remedy at law for these wrongs and injuries. Plaintiffs are, therefore, entitled to a preliminary and permanent injunction restraining and enjoining defendants and their agents, servants, employees, and attorneys and all persons acting in concert with them, from infringing the Pearson, Wiley, Thomson and McGraw-Hill Copyrights.

34. Defendants have willfully infringed the Pearson, Wiley, Thomson and McGraw-Hill Copyrights.

35. Plaintiffs are entitled to recover all damages sustained as a result of defendants' unlawful conduct including (1) defendants' profits, or (2) plaintiffs' damages, or alternatively (3) statutory damages.

SECOND CLAIM FOR RELIEF
(Trademark Infringement - 15 U.S.C. § 1114(a))

36. Plaintiffs repeat the averments contained in paragraphs 1 through 35 above as if set forth in full.

37. Pearson is the exclusive licensee of the Pearson Trademarks, with the accompanying right and duty to protect and enforce Pearson's rights therein. Pearson's licensor parent and affiliate companies have obtained United States Trademark Registrations for the Pearson Trademarks.

38. Wiley owns the Wiley Trademarks, for which it has obtained United States Trademark Registrations.

39. Thomson owns or is the exclusive licensee of the Thomson Trademarks, with the accompanying right and duty to protect and enforce all rights therein. Thomson or its licensors own the Thomson Trademarks, for which Thomson or its licensors have obtained United States Trademark Registrations.

40. McGraw-Hill owns the McGraw-Hill Trademarks, for which it has obtained United States Trademark Registrations.

41. The Pearson, Wiley, Thomson and McGraw-Hill Trademarks are valid and enforceable.

42. Defendants have infringed the Pearson, Wiley, Thomson and McGraw-Hill Trademarks in violation of 15 U.S.C. § 1114(a) by using them on and/or in connection with the works that they have sold.

43. Defendants' acts complained of herein have irreparably damaged plaintiffs and may continue to do so. The damage to plaintiffs includes harm to their good will and reputation in the marketplace for which money cannot compensate.

Plaintiffs have no adequate remedy at law for these wrongs. Plaintiffs are, therefore, entitled to a preliminary and permanent injunction restraining and enjoining defendants, their agents, servants, employees, and attorneys and all persons acting in concert with them from using the Pearson, Wiley, Thomson and McGraw-Hill Trademarks or any colorable imitation of them.

44. Defendants have willfully infringed the Pearson, Wiley, Thomson and McGraw-Hill Trademarks.

45. Plaintiffs are entitled to recover (1) defendants' profits from the infringing books, (2) plaintiffs' damages, (3) the costs of the suit, and (4) reasonable attorneys' fees.

THIRD CLAIM FOR RELIEF

(Common Law Unfair Competition Under State Law)

46. Plaintiffs repeat the averments contained in paragraphs 1 through 45 above as if set forth in full.

47. Defendants' acts complained of herein have damaged and may continue to damage plaintiffs irreparably. The damage to plaintiffs includes harm to their goodwill and reputation in the marketplace for which money cannot compensate. Plaintiffs have no adequate remedy at law for these wrongs and injuries. Plaintiffs are, therefore, entitled to a preliminary and permanent injunction restraining and enjoining defendants,

their agents, servants, employees, and attorneys and all persons acting in concert with them from using the Pearson, Wiley, Thomson and McGraw-Hill Trademarks or any colorable imitation of them, to restitution of defendants' ill-gotten gains, and to punitive damages in an amount to be determined by the trier of fact in this action.

WHEREFORE, plaintiffs demand judgment:

A. Preliminarily and permanently enjoining defendants, their agents, servants, employees, and attorneys and all those acting in concert with them from infringing the Pearson, Wiley, Thomson and McGraw-Hill Copyrights in violation of 17 U.S.C. § 501;

B. Awarding plaintiffs their damages or defendants' profits, or alternatively, at plaintiffs' election, statutory damages, as a result of defendants' willful infringement of the Pearson, Wiley, Thomson and McGraw-Hill Copyrights;

C. Preliminarily and permanently enjoining defendants, their agents, servants, employees, and attorneys and all those acting in concert with them from infringing the Pearson, Wiley, Thomson and McGraw-Hill Trademarks in violation of 15 U.S.C. § 1114(a);

D. Awarding plaintiffs their damages and/or defendants' profits from their willful infringement of the

Pearson, Wiley, Thomson and McGraw-Hill Trademarks pursuant to 15 U.S.C. § 1117(a);

E. Directing that defendants engage in such additional activities, including, but not limited to, recalls of products and corrective advertising, as may be necessary and appropriate to mitigate the damage defendants have caused;

F. Awarding plaintiffs their costs in this action, including their reasonable attorneys' fees pursuant 17 U.S.C. § 505 and 15 U.S.C. § 1117;

G. Awarding plaintiffs punitive damages in an amount to be determined by the trier of fact in this action; and

H. Granting such other and further relief as to this Court seems just and proper.

Dated: New York, New York
March 23, 2007

PERKINS & DUNNEGAN

By William Dunnegan
William Dunnegan (WD9316)
Megan L. Martin (MM4396)
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Pearson Education, Inc.,
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Thomson Learning Inc., and
The McGraw-Hill Companies, Inc.
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Schedule A
"Pearson Copyrights"

- | <u>Title</u> | <u>(Date of Registration)</u> | <u>(Registration #)</u> |
|--|-------------------------------|-------------------------|
| 1. Information Technology: Principles, Practices, and Opportunities, | (1/9/2004) | (TX 5-886-964) |
| 2. Logistics, | (7/26/2001) | (TX 5-419-433) |
| 3. Understanding Financial Statements, | (2/29/1988) | (TX 2-274-804) |
| 4. Strategy and the Business Landscape: Core Concepts, | (4/5/2001) | (TX 5-285-666) |
| 5. Financial Management and Policy, | (1/14/1983) | (TX 1-050-157) |
| 6. Essentials of Strategic Management, | (10/15/1996) | (TX 4-392-643) |
| 7. Managing Business Process Flows, | (4/26/1999) | (TX 4-972-777) |
| 8. Distributed Systems: Principles and Paradigms, | (10/25/2001) | (TX 5-451-449) |
| 9. Algorithms for Statistical Signal Processing, | (10/31/2001) | (TX 5-732-923) |
| 10. Network Security Essentials, | (1/6/2000) | (TX 5-116-550) |

Schedule B
"Wiley Copyrights"

<u>Title</u>	<u>(Date of Registration)</u>	<u>(Registration #)</u>
1. Analysis and Design of Analog Integrated Circuits, Fourth Edition, (April 30, 2001)	(TX-5-377-540)	
2. Design and Analysis of Experiments, Sixth Edition, (February 18, 2005)	(TX-6-120-647)	
3. Digital Signal and Image Processing, (December 17, 2003)	(TX-5-877-772)	
4. Elements of Information Theory, (January 29, 1992)	(TX-3-239-762)	
5. Fiber-Optic Communication Systems, Third Edition, (August 16, 2002)	(TX-5-594-799)	
6. International Economics, Eighth Edition, (July 7, 2003)	(TX-5-771-131)	
7. Introduction to International Economics, (January 21, 2005)	(TX-6-101-228)	
8. Management Communication, (January 13, 1999)	(TX-4-917-542)	
9. Pattern Classification, Second Edition, (August 11, 2006)	(TX-6-418-016)	
10. Signals and Systems, Second Edition, (September 19, 2002)	(TX-5-653-714)	
11. VLSI Digital Signal Processing Systems, (March 5, 1999)	(TX-4-945-575)	

Schedule C
"Thomson Copyrights"

Title (Date of Registration) (Registration #)

1. International Economics: A Policy Approach, (10/31/2001)
(TX 5-759-457)
2. Basic Marketing Research, (10/25/2006) (TX 6-451-497)
3. Human Resource Development, (1/12/2006) (TX 6-303-352)
4. Sales Management: Analysis and Decision Making,
(1/9/2006) (TX 6-318-712)
5. Entrepreneurship: Theory, Process, and Practice,
(9/29/2006) (TX 6-434-925)
6. Investments: An Introduction, (2/11/1997) (TX 4-495-527)
7. Finance for Executives: Managing for Value Creation,
(10/25/2006) (TX 6-453-180)
8. Advertising, Promotion and Supplemental Aspects of
Integrated Marketing Communications, (8/19/1999) (TX 5-
012-176)
9. Essentials of Services Marketing, (7/9/2001) (TX 5-407-
119)
10. Organizational Behavior, (10/2/2006) (TX 6-433-256)
11. Essentials of Marketing Research, (9/30/1998) (TX 4-805-
254)
12. Bank Management, (1/21/2006) (TX 6-303-413)
13. Principles of Finance, (1/9/2006) (TX 6-306-936)
14. Human Resource Selection, (8/24/2000) (TX 5-258-950)
15. Communication Between Cultures, (6/8/2006) (TX 6-375-382)
16. Organizational Communication, (7/12/2005) (TX 6-196-948)
17. Classics of Organization Theory, (10/8/2004) (TX 6-036-
714)

18. Broadcast/Cable/Web Programming: Strategies and Practices, (11/23/2001) (TX 5-633-125)
19. Mass Media Research: An Introduction, (4/18/2005) (TX 6-150-624)

Schedule D
"McGraw-Hill Copyrights"

<u>Title</u>	<u>Registration #</u>	<u>Date of Registration</u>
1. Satellite Communications,	(3/22/2001)	(TX 5-367-156)
2. Real-Time Systems,	(2/27/1997)	(TX 4-482-883)
3. Human Resource Management,	(2/14/1995)	(TX 3-667-594)
4. TCP/IP Protocol Suite,	(9/10/2002)	(TX 5-606-559)
5. Java Structures: Data Structures in Java for the Principled Programmer,	(12/3/1999)	(TX 5-008-186)
6. Database Management Systems : Designing & Building Business Applications,	(10/10/01)	(TX 5-431-250)
7. Complete Digital Design: A Comprehensive Guide to Digital Electronics and Computer System Architecture,	(10/15/2003)	(TX 5-828-425)
8. Supply Chain Logistics Management,	(7/01/2002)	(TX 5-567-476)
9. Design of Integrated Circuits for Optical Communications,	(10/14/2002)	(TX 5-820-152)
10. Complex Variables and Applications,	(12/13/1983)	(TX 1-241-787)
11. Real and Complex Analysis,	(August 11, 1986)	(TX 1-887-185)
12. Java Structures: Data Structures in Java for the Principled Programmer,	(September 10, 2002)	(TX 5-603-970)

Schedule E
Pearson Trademarks

<u>U.S. Trademark</u>	<u>Registration Number</u>	<u>Class</u>
1. "Pearson"	2,599,724	009, 016, 035, 042
2. "Pearson"	2,600,081	041
3. "Pearson"	2,652,792	009, 016
4. "Pearson"	2,679,355	016
5. "Pearson"	2,691,830	041
6. "Pearson"	2,694,359	009
7. "Prentice-Hall"	1,332,044	016
8. "Prentice-Hall"	1,332,639	042
9. "Prentice-Hall"	1,375,654	009
10. "Addison Wesley"	2,188,798	016
11. "Addison-Wesley"	2,400,130	016

Schedule F
Wiley Trademarks

	<u>U.S. Trademark</u>	<u>Registration Number</u>	<u>Class</u>
1.	"JW" Colophon	2,168,941	009, 042
2.	"Wiley"	1,003,988	009, 016, 036, 038
3.	"Wiley"	2,159,987	009, 042

Schedule G
Thomson Trademarks

<u>U.S. Trademark</u>	<u>Registration Number</u>	<u>Class</u>
1. "Thomson Learning"	2,810,953	009, 016, 041
2. "Thomson Learning"	2,926,467	035

Schedule H
McGraw-Hill Trademarks

<u>U.S. Trademark</u>	<u>Registration Number</u>	<u>Class</u>
1. "McGraw-Hill"	1,350,345	16
2. "McGraw-Hill" Bug	2,899,528	16, 41
3. "The McGraw-Hill Companies"	3,103,212	9,16,35,36,37, 38,39,40,41,42
4. "Irwin"	1,718,118	16
"Irwin"	1,718,118	16