UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK

PEARSON EDUCATION, INC.,

JOHN WILEY & SONS, INC., AND

THE MCGRAW-HILL COMPANIES, INC.,

07 CIV 8416

Plaintiffs, :

-against-

SUNIL ARORA D/B/A KALPATRU AND JOHN DOES NOS. 1-5,

Defendants.

nts. : 5£9 28

07 Civ

COMPLAINT

Plaintiffs Pearson Education, Inc. ("Pearson"), John Wiley & Sons, Inc. ("Wiley"), and The McGraw-Hill Companies, Inc. ("McGraw-Hill"), by their undersigned attorneys, for their complaint against defendants Sunil Arora d/b/a Kalpatru and John Doe Nos. 1 through 5, aver:

Nature of the Action

1. Plaintiffs are bringing this action to enforce their copyrights and trademarks against defendants' unlawful sale in the United States of non-United States versions of plaintiffs' educational books.

Jurisdiction and Venue

- the first two claims in this action pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §§ 1331 and 1338 because they arise under the Copyright Act, 17 U.S.C. § 101 et seq., or the Lanham Act, 15 U.S.C. § 1051 et seq. This Court has subject matter jurisdiction over the third claim in this action pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1367 because it is so related to the claims within the original jurisdiction of this Court that they form part of the same case or controversy within the meaning of Article III of the United States Constitution.
- 3. Upon information and belief, venue is proper in this District pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1391.

Parties

- 4. Pearson is a corporation organized and existing under the laws of Delaware with its principal place of business at One Lake Street, Upper Saddle River, New Jersey 07458.
- 5. Wiley is a corporation organized and existing under the laws of the State of New York with its principal place of business at 111 River Street, Hoboken, New Jersey 07030.
- 6. McGraw-Hill is a corporation organized and existing under the laws of the State of New York with its principal place of business at 1221 Avenue of the Americas, New York, New York 10020.

- 7. Upon information and belief, defendant Sunil Arora d/b/a Kalpatru is a natural person residing at 418 Summergreen Way, Apartment 151, Greenville, South Carolina 29607-6081.
- 8. Upon information and belief, defendants John Doe Nos. 1-5 are associates of Sunil Arora d/b/a Kalpatru whose identities are presently unknown to plaintiffs.

The Businesses of Plaintiffs

- 9. Each plaintiff publishes a variety of works, including educational books.
- 10. As a standard practice, each plaintiff requires its authors to assign the copyright to them or grant them the exclusive rights of reproduction and distribution in the United States. This practice enables each plaintiff to maximize dissemination of each work.
- 11. Plaintiffs invest significant monies to publish their copyrighted works. Plaintiffs, for example, make substantial investments in royalties, content creation, licensing, copyediting, proofreading, typesetting, layout, printing, binding, distribution, and promotion.
- 12. Plaintiffs earn a substantial portion of their revenue from the publication of their copyrighted works and would suffer serious financial injury if their copyrights were not enforced. A substantial decline in their income could cause

plaintiffs to cease publishing one or more deserving books or journals. This would adversely impact the creation of new works, scholarly endeavor, and scientific progress.

- in the United States are of the highest quality (the "United States Editions"). These books are generally printed with strong, hard-cover bindings with glossy protective coatings and, in some cases, contain extra features such as sewn ribbon bookmarks. Plaintiffs frequently offer academic supplements, such as CD-ROMs, computer passwords that provide purchasers with access to academic websites corresponding to the textbooks, and study guides with the United States Editions.
- 14. Plaintiffs generally create different versions of their educational books that are intended for sale in specific geographic markets outside of the United States (the "Foreign Editions"). The Foreign Editions materially differ from the United States Editions. The Foreign Editions have thinner paper and different bindings, different cover and jacket designs, fewer internal ink colors, if any, lower quality photographs and graphics, and generally lower prices than the United States Editions. Also, the Foreign Editions often lack academic supplements, such as CD-ROMs, website passwords, or study guides. The Foreign Editions are generally marked to

indicate their lower cost by a legend indicating, in substance, that the title is a "Low Price Edition" and/or authorized for sale only in a particular country or geographic region. The Foreign Editions are uniformly manufactured outside of the United States.

Plaintiffs' Copyrights and Trademarks

- 15. Plaintiffs routinely register their copyrights.

 Pearson has registered the works identified on Schedule A (the "Pearson Copyrights"). Wiley has registered the works identified on Schedule B (the "Wiley Copyrights"). McGraw-Hill has registered the works identified on Schedule C (the "McGraw-Hill Copyrights").
- 16. Plaintiffs also own, themselves or through their parent or affiliate companies, trademarks that they use to differentiate their products from those of their competitors.
- 17. Pearson PLC, Pearson's ultimate parent company, is the owner of and Pearson is an exclusive licensee of, with the accompanying right and duty to protect and enforce Pearson PLC's rights therein, the well-known trademarks "Pearson," "Pearson Education" and "Prentice Hall." Pearson's affiliate corporation Addison Wesley Longman, Inc., is the owner of, and Pearson is the exclusive licensee of, with the accompanying right and duty to protect and enforce its and its affiliate company's rights therein, the well known trademarks "Addison

Wesley" or "Addison-Wesley" (the "Pearson Trademarks"). The United States Registrations for the Pearson Trademarks are identified on Schedule D.

- 18. Among Wiley's well-known trademarks are "John Wiley & Sons," "Wiley," and the "John Wiley Colophon" (the "Wiley Trademarks"). The United States Registrations for the Wiley Trademarks are identified on Schedule E.
- 19. Among McGraw-Hill's well-known trademarks are "McGraw-Hill," "The McGraw-Hill Companies" and "Irwin" (the "McGraw-Hill Trademarks"). The United States Registrations for the McGraw-Hill Trademarks are identified on Schedule F.

The Infringing Acts of Defendants

20. Defendants have without permission purchased Foreign Editions of plaintiffs' books manufactured outside of the United States and resold them to purchasers in the United States through the Internet at the website AbeBooks.com.

FIRST CLAIM FOR RELIEF (Copyright Infringement - 17 U.S.C. § 501)

- 21. Plaintiffs repeat the averments contained in paragraphs 1 through 20 as if set forth in full.
- 22. Pearson has received United States Certificates of Copyright Registration for the Pearson Copyrights.
- 23. Wiley has received United States Certificates of Copyright Registration for the Wiley Copyrights.

- 24. McGraw-Hill has received United States
 Certificates of Copyright Registration for the McGraw-Hill
 Copyrights.
- 25. The Pearson, Wiley and McGraw-Hill Copyrights are valid and enforceable.
- 26. Defendants have infringed the Pearson, Wiley and McGraw-Hill Copyrights in violation of 17 U.S.C. § 501.
- 27. Defendants' acts have irreparably damaged and, unless enjoined, will continue to irreparably damage plaintiffs. Plaintiffs have no adequate remedy at law for these wrongs and injuries. Plaintiffs are, therefore, entitled to a preliminary and permanent injunction restraining and enjoining defendants and their agents, servants, employees, and attorneys and all persons acting in concert with them, from infringing the Pearson, Wiley and McGraw-Hill Copyrights.
- 28. Defendants have willfully infringed the Pearson, Wiley and McGraw-Hill Copyrights.
- 29. Plaintiffs are entitled to recover all damages sustained as a result of defendants' unlawful conduct including (1) defendants' profits, or (2) plaintiffs' damages, or alternatively (3) statutory damages.

SECOND CLAIM FOR RELIEF (Trademark Infringement - 15 U.S.C. § 1114(a))

- 30. Plaintiffs repeat the averments contained in paragraphs 1 through 29 above as if set forth in full.
- 31. Pearson is the exclusive licensee of the Pearson Trademarks, with the accompanying right and duty to protect and enforce Pearson's rights therein. Pearson's licensor parent and affiliate companies have obtained United States Trademark Registrations for the Pearson Trademarks.
- 32. Wiley owns the Wiley Trademarks, for which it has obtained United States Trademark Registrations.
- 33. McGraw-Hill owns the McGraw-Hill Trademarks, for which it has obtained United States Trademark Registrations.
- 34. The Pearson, Wiley and McGraw-Hill Trademarks are valid and enforceable.
- 35. Defendants have infringed the Pearson, Wiley and McGraw-Hill Trademarks in violation of 15 U.S.C. § 1114(a) by using them on and/or in connection with the works that they have sold.
- 36. Defendants' acts complained of herein have irreparably damaged plaintiffs and may continue to do so. The damage to plaintiffs includes harm to their good will and reputation in the marketplace for which money cannot compensate. Plaintiffs have no adequate remedy at law for these wrongs.

Plaintiffs are, therefore, entitled to a preliminary and permanent injunction restraining and enjoining defendants, their agents, servants, employees, and attorneys and all persons acting in concert with them from using the Pearson, Wiley and McGraw-Hill Trademarks or any colorable imitation of them.

- 37. Defendants have willfully infringed the Pearson, Wiley and McGraw-Hill Trademarks.
- 38. Plaintiffs are entitled to recover (1) defendants' profits from the infringing books, (2) plaintiffs' damages, (3) the costs of the suit, and (4) reasonable attorneys' fees.

THIRD CLAIM FOR RELIEF (Common Law Unfair Competition Under State Law)

- 39. Plaintiffs repeat the averments contained in paragraphs 1 through 38 above as if set forth in full.
- damaged and may continue to damage plaintiffs irreparably. The damage to plaintiffs includes harm to their goodwill and reputation in the marketplace for which money cannot compensate. Plaintiffs have no adequate remedy at law for these wrongs and injuries. Plaintiffs are, therefore, entitled to a preliminary and permanent injunction restraining and enjoining defendants, their agents, servants, employees, and attorneys and all persons acting in concert with them from using the Pearson, Wiley and

McGraw-Hill Trademarks or any colorable imitation of them, to restitution of defendants' ill-gotten gains, and to punitive damages in an amount to be determined by the trier of fact in this action.

WHEREFORE, plaintiffs demand judgment:

- A. Preliminarily and permanently enjoining defendants, their agents, servants, employees, and attorneys and all those acting in concert with them from infringing the Pearson, Wiley and McGraw-Hill Copyrights in violation of 17 U.S.C. § 501;
- B. Awarding plaintiffs their damages or defendants' profits, or alternatively, at plaintiffs' election, statutory damages, as a result of defendants' willful infringement of the Pearson, Wiley and McGraw-Hill Copyrights;
- C. Preliminarily and permanently enjoining defendants, their agents, servants, employees, and attorneys and all those acting in concert with them from infringing the Pearson, Wiley and McGraw-Hill Trademarks in violation of 15 U.S.C. § 1114(a);
- D. Awarding plaintiffs their damages and/or defendants' profits from their willful infringement of the Pearson, Wiley and McGraw-Hill Trademarks pursuant to 15 U.S.C. § 1117(a);

- E. Directing that defendants engage in such additional activities, including, but not limited to, recalls of products and corrective advertising, as may be necessary and appropriate to mitigate the damage defendants have caused;
- F. Awarding plaintiffs their costs in this action, including their reasonable attorneys' fees pursuant 17 U.S.C. § 505 and 15 U.S.C. § 1117;
- G. Awarding plaintiffs punitive damages in an amount to be determined by the trier of fact in this action; and
- H. Granting such other and further relief as to this Court seems just and proper.

Dated: New York, New York September 26, 2007

DUNNEGAN LLC

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Schedule A "Pearson Copyrights"

Title (Date of Registration) (Registration #)

- 1. Consumer Behavior, 8th (July 3, 2003) (TX 5-755-949)
- 2. Digital Design: Principles and Practices, 3rd (TX 5-916-922) (April 19, 2004)
- 3. Managing Human Resources, 4th (July 29, 2003) (TX 5-771-533)
- 4. Integrated Advertising, Promotion & Marketing Communications, 2nd (July 2, 2003) (TX 5-757-691)
- 5. Behavior in Organizations: Understanding and Managing the Human Side of Work, 8th (January 17, 2003) (TX 5-744-375)
- 6. Electronic Devices and Circuit Theory, 9th (July 12, 2005) (TX 6-298-000)

Schedule B "Wiley Copyrights"

<u>Title</u> (<u>Date of Registration</u>) (<u>Registration</u> #)

- Automatic Control Systems, Eighth Edition (November 20, 2002) (TX-5-622-535)
- 2. Bioinstrumentation (October 10, 2003) (TX-5-824-247)
- 3. Chemical Applications of Group Theory, Third Edition (April 13, 1990) (TX-2-804-298)
- 4. Control Systems Engineering, Fourth Edition (October 3, 2003) (TX-5-800-945)
- 5. Corporate Finance: Theory and Practice, Second Edition (April 9, 2001) (TX-5-372-684)
- 6. Data Structures and Algorithms in C++ (May 13, 2003) (TX-5-744-148)
- 7. Digital Telephony, Third Edition (March 3, 2000) (TX-5-151-533)
- 8. Embedded System Design: A Unified Hardware/Software Introduction (December 12, 2001) (TX-5-465-293)
- 9. Finite Element Method For Engineers, Fourth Edition (November 16, 2001) (TX-5-461-355)
- 10. Fundamentals of Queueing Theory, Third Edition (January 13, 1998) (TX-4-732-675)
- 11. Introduction to the Theory of Numbers, Fifth Edition (April 3, 1991) (TX-3-036-511)
- 12. Organic Chemistry, Eighth Edition (August 26, 2003) (TX-5-788-101)
- 13. Physical Chemistry, Fourth Edition (August 30, 2004) (TX-6-034-249)
- 14. Power Electronics, Third Edition (December 30, 2002) (TX-5-629-839)
- 15. Process Dynamics and Control, Second Edition (December 12, 2003) (TX-5-834-334)
- 16. Radio-Frequency and Microwave Circuits: Analysis and Design, Second Edition (August 15, 2006) (TX-6-416-150)
- 17. Statistical Mechanics, Second Edition (October 13, 1987) (TX-2-184-828)
- 18. VLSI Fabrication Principles: Silicon and Gallium Arsenide, Second Edition (April 22, 1994) (TX-3-770-469)

Schedule C "McGraw-Hill Copyrights"

<u>Title</u> <u>Registration # Date of Registration</u>

- Computer Architecture and Organization, 3rd (April 30, 1998) (TX 4-757-515)
- 2. Systems Analysis and Design Methods (November 2, 2000) (TX 5-201-138)
- 3. Introduction to Information Systems, 12th (July 28, 2006) (TX 6-396-574)
- 4. Business Driven Technology, (May 5, 2005) (TX 6-209-520)
- 5. Organizational Behavior: Key Concepts, Skills & Best Practices, 2nd (November 24, 2006) (TX 6-463-091)
- 6. Design with operational amplifiers and analog integrated circuits, 3rd (September 17, 2001) (TX 5-389-698)

Schedule D

Pearson Trademarks

| U.S. Trademark | Registration Number | Class |
|----------------------|---------------------|--------------------|
| 1. "Pearson" | 2,599,724 | 009, 016, 035, 042 |
| 2. "Pearson" | 2,600,081 | 041 |
| 3. "Pearson" | 2,652,792 | 009, 016 |
| 4. "Pearson" | 2,679,355 | 016 |
| 5. "Pearson" | 2,691,830 | 041 |
| 6. "Pearson" | 2,694,359 | 009 |
| 7. "Prentice-Hall" | 1,332,044 | 016 |
| 8. "Prentice-Hall" | 1,332,639 | 042 |
| 9. "Prentice-Hall" | 1,375,654 | 009 |
| 10. "Addison Wesley" | 2,188,798 | 016 |
| 11. "Addison-Wesley" | 2,400,130 | 016 |

Schedule E Wiley Trademarks

| | U.S. Trademark | Registration Number | Class |
|----|----------------|---------------------|-----------------------|
| | "JW" Colophon | 2,168,941 | 009, 042 |
| 2. | "Wiley" | 1,003,988 | 009, 016, 036, 038 |
| 3. | "Wiley" | 2,159,987 | 009, 042 |

Schedule F McGraw-Hill Trademarks

| | U.S. Trademark | Registration Number | Class |
|----|--------------------------------|---------------------|----------------------------------|
| 1. | "McGraw-Hill" | 1,350,345 | 16 |
| 2. | "McGraw-Hill" | 2,899,528 | 16, 41 |
| 3. | "The McGraw-Hill Companies" | 3,103,212 | 9,16,35,36,37, 38,39,40,41,42 |
| 4. | "Irwin" | 1,718,118 | 16 |