1	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
2	DISTRICT OF NEVADA
3	THE HONORABLE JAMES C. MAHAN, JUDGE PRESIDING
4	
5	
6	RIGHTHAVEN, LLC,
7	Plaintiff,
8	vs. No. 2:10-CV-1322-JCM-LRL
9	CENTER FOR INTERCULTURAL ORGANIZING, et al., SHOW CAUSE HEARING
10	ONGINIZING, CC al., SHOW CAUSE HEARING
11	Defendant.
12	/
13	
14	REPORTER'S TRANSCRIPT OF PROCEEDINGS
15	TUESDAY, DECEMBER 28, 2010
16	10:30 A.M.
17	
18	APPEARANCES:
19	For the Plaintiff: SHAWN A. MANGANO, ESQ.
20	JOHN CHARLES, COONS, ESQ.
21	For the Defendants: JASON M. SCHULTZ CHRIS J. RICHARDSON, ESQ.
22	MATTHEW CAVANAUGH, ESQ. CHAD BOWERS, ESQ.
23	
24	
25	Reported by: Joy Garner, CCR 275 Official Federal Court Reporter
	JOY GARNER, CCR 275

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LAS VEGAS, NEVADA, TUESDAY, DECEMBER 28, 2010
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                        10:30 A.M.
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4
                  PROCEEDINGS
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6
              THE CLERK: This is the time set for
7
    the show cause hearing, Civil Case Number
8
    2:10-CV-1322-JCM-LRL, Righthaven, LLC versus
9
    Center for Intercultural Organizing, and all
10
    others.
11
                     Counsel, please note your
12
    appearance for the record.
13
              MR. MANGANO: Your Honor, Shawn Mangano
14
    on behalf of the plaintiffs. With me is Charles
15
    Coons.
16
              THE COURT: Yes, sir.
17
              MR. MANGANO: Thank you.
18
              THE COURT: Yes, sir.
19
              MR. RICHARDSON: Good morning, your
20
    Honor, Chris Richardson from the law firm of
21
    Olson, Cannon, Gormley and Desruisseaux and with
22
    me and is Matt Cavanaugh on behalf of the
23
    defendants.
              THE COURT: All right. Mr. Bowers.
24
25
              MR. BOWERS: Good morning, your Honor,
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Chad Bowers on behalf of Professor Jason Schultz.
1
2
              THE COURT:
                          All right.
3
              MR. BOWERS: While we are here, it's a
4
    little unusual with Mr. Schultz being amicus --
5
              COURT REPORTER: Please speak into a
6
    microphone, Mr. Bowers.
7
              THE COURT: Come up to the lectern
8
    here, Mr. Bowers, it's easier.
9
              MR. BOWERS: Thank you, your Honor.
10
              THE COURT: Yes, sir.
              MR. BOWERS: Can you hear me?
11
12
              THE COURT: We're good.
13
              MR. BOWERS: Okay. Anyway Mr. Schultz
14
    being amicus, it's a little unusual. I have
15
    nothing to contribute in the courtroom, you'll
16
    hear from him. I have another commitment so I
17
    was going to ask the Court's permission that if
18
    this runs long, I might be able to leave and let
19
    him speak for himself.
2.0
              THE COURT: Oh, yes, sir, sure. We
21
    don't want to hear from you anyway.
22
              MR. BOWERS: And certainly not on this
23
    topic you don't I guarantee you. Thank you, your
24
    Honor.
25
              THE COURT: All right, and there are a
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couple of preliminary matters and you're welcome,
1
2
    Professor, to sit in. I took Latin from Mrs.
3
    Corover (phonetic) so we pronounce it ameecus
4
    (phonetic), but you can call him amacus
5
    (phonetic) if you want to, but there are a couple
6
    of preliminary matters.
7
                      First of all, as far as the
8
    professor is concerned coming in as an amicus if
9
    this were a gun control case, we'd have the NRA
10
    and the Brady Organization people here wanting to
11
    file amicus briefs. So, you know, I mean it's
12
    understandable, I understand that the plaintiff
13
    says he's a partisan, but people who file amicus
14
    briefs are always partisan.
15
                      And, of course, you can say,
16
    well, wait, here's an exception and you can
17
    always find an exception to a general statement,
18
    but generally the people who are interested
19
    already have a partisan, they already have a dog
20
    in the hunt, if you will, and so I take that into
21
    account, but I'm glad to hear from people.
22
    you have something to contribute, fine. If not,
23
    I'll cut you off.
24
                      And that's true of the lawyers,
25
    and I'm sure you're used to cutting students off
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when they go on too long. So I'll exercise the
same privilege. So I'm inclined to let the
professor come in and present whatever you want
to present and we'll listen to it.
                 Just as a preliminary matter,
I'm inclined to find that I have jurisdiction,
not general jurisdiction, but I think specific
jurisdiction. The defendants purposefully
availed themselves by taking an article from a
Nevada newspaper knowing that the copyright
belonged to the newspaper and intentionally
posting it on their website. And the plaintiffs'
claim then arise out of the defendants'
formulated activities because the RJ is a Nevada
paper. It's the largest paper in Nevada and
obviously the posting of that is related to the
newspaper's home which is Nevada.
```

So I -- and I'll give you a chance to say anything you want to say on that issue, but let's not spend a lot of time on jurisdiction unless you have some killer point that you want to make, but I want to focus on the fair use. As I was going through this file with my brain trust here seated to my right in the jury box, this fair use popped out at us and it

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1
    just seemed like an overriding issue, and that's
2
    the genesis for this hearing.
3
                      It seems like that was just an
4
    issue that really popped out that needs to be
5
    addressed early on. These cases I think, you
6
    know, typically probably get settled.
                                            You can
7
    tell me -- the plaintiffs can tell me that more
8
    easily than anyone else, and you don't have to,
9
    but I assume they get settled and the fair use
10
    doctrine never gets raised probably, and it's
11
    something that I think needs to be addressed.
12
                      So that's why we're here. Now
13
    I'll hear from the plaintiffs first. I'll be
14
    glad to hear whatever you have to say. And, if
15
    you would, come up to the lectern, please. And
16
    you're Mr. Coons, correct?
17
              MR. MANGANO: Mangano.
18
              THE COURT: I'm sorry, you're --
19
              MR. MANGANO: Mr. Mangano.
20
              THE COURT: Mangano, is that the way
21
    you pronounce it?
22
                             That is correct.
              MR. MANGANO:
23
              THE COURT: I mean I have Italian
    heritage, and I pronounce it Manyano (phonetic)
24
25
    is what I would call you.
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1
              MR. MANGANO: No one could spell it if
2
    I pronounced it that way. So I've always gone
3
    with Mangano.
4
              THE COURT: If you would, put your
5
    right hand on the slant there, your right hand.
6
              MR. MANGANO:
                             Okay.
7
              THE COURT: Do you feel the button?
8
              MR. MANGANO: Yep.
9
              THE COURT: Push the button.
10
              MR. MANGANO: All right.
11
              THE COURT: Okay, that's good.
12
    still doesn't work, does it? That's supposedly
13
    how you adjust the microphone. I was going to
14
    show you your tax dollars at work.
15
              MR. MANGANO: It doesn't work.
16
              THE COURT: But instead you'll just
17
    have to adjust the microphone manually like that,
18
    if you would, please, sir.
19
                      All right, go ahead.
20
              MR. MANGANO: All right, your Honor, as
21
    you mentioned, we're here to discuss this issue
22
    of fair use. Fair use is an affirmative defense.
23
              THE COURT: Right.
24
              MR. MANGANO: It is an affirmative
25
    defense that obviously the defendants bear the
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burden of proof and the burden of persuasion.

One issue that we were unable to glean from the

OSC was the procedural posture of this when the

Court says that it's considering dismissal based

upon fair use.
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There's two basis that we could see as you have an authority to do so sua sponte under the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, one being 12(b)(6) and one being Rule 56. If possible, I'd like to get some direction as to what your thoughts are and where the Court is leaning with regard to those two.

THE COURT: I don't answer questions.

MR. MANGANO: Because the problem I have, your Honor, is that under 12(b)(6), as you're aware, we're confined to the allegations in the complaint. When we have a fair use defense, that's going to be something that's outside of the complaint and normally I would assume it would be something that would be raised more in the judgment on the pleadings. In this case we don't have a procedural posture that would allow for judgment on the pleadings because there is no answer in place, therefore, the pleadings are not locked in.

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1
              THE COURT: So you want -- what are you
2
    suggesting? That we adjourn this and tell them
3
    to file an answer and then we'll reconvene next
4
    week or something?
5
              MR. MANGANO: Well, the problem is,
6
    your Honor, is that 12(b)(6) I don't believe is
7
    the proper mechanism if you were to move forward
8
    with dismissal. The other alternative would be
9
    Rule 56. Obviously Rule 56, there's different
10
    standards which apply under each. Rule 56
11
    obviously we're looking at whether or not there's
12
    issues of -- genuine issues of material fact
13
    which preclude entry of judgment in favor of the
14
    defendant.
15
              THE COURT: I think I've heard about
16
    that rule before.
17
              MR. MANGANO: Yeah, and that's
18
    particular --
19
              THE COURT: I know I look stupid, but I
20
    didn't just fall off the turnip truck, okay?
21
              MR. MANGANO: No, your Honor, I -- I --
22
              THE COURT: So what's your point?
23
    What's your point?
24
              MR. MANGANO: My point is is that we
25
    have a case here where we're not -- there's
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issues of fact that have been raised -- first of
1
2
    all, numerous issues of fact raised by the
3
    professor's amicus brief. It's replete with
4
    factual assertions that are unsupported. They
5
    are not there in a signed declaration and we have
6
    not had an opportunity to conduct discovery on
7
    those.
              THE COURT: So what? So you want to
8
9
    conduct discovery, is that what you want to do?
10
              MR. MANGANO: If -- yes, your Honor,
11
    sure, if that's --
              THE COURT: On what issues?
12
13
    issues do you want to conduct discovery on?
14
              MR. MANGANO:
                             Well, if we have an issue
15
    as to the effect on the market for work, the
16
    issues related to website traffic, issues related
17
    to revenues derived from the posting of the work,
18
    these are all issues that are raised by Professor
19
    Schultz in his filing with the court which would
20
    require discovery for there to be a ruling under
21
    Rule 56 at this stage. I mean we're simply
22
    getting the cart in front of the horse on that
23
    issue.
24
              THE COURT: Do you really think that
    the defendants make a lot of money from their
25
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1
    website, is that what you're saying?
2
              MR. MANGANO: No, I'm not saying --
3
              THE COURT: That they're competing with
4
    the RJ maybe?
5
              MR. MANGANO: No.
              THE COURT: They're making a ton of
6
7
    dough from this you think?
8
              MR. MANGANO: No, your Honor, I don't
9
    believe that's the proper inquiry whether or not
10
    they've made a ton of dough or if they've made a
11
    little dough. If you like, we can start walking
12
    through the fair use analysis and the first prong
13
    would --
14
              THE COURT: Well, you are the one that
15
    said you had some question that you didn't know
16
    what we were doing, you're not sure how to
17
    proceed. So what do you want me to do?
18
              MR. MANGANO: What would I like you to
19
    do?
        Well --
20
              THE COURT: I mean rule in your favor
21
    obviously, but what are you saying? I mean get
22
    to the point. I can tell you're a lawyer --
23
              MR. MANGANO: Yes.
24
              THE COURT: -- because I don't know
25
    your point, what's your point? You want me to
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1
    adjourn this hearing so you can conduct
2
    discovery? What? What do you want? What are
3
    you seeking?
4
              MR. MANGANO: Well, your Honor, if
5
    you're inclined to dismiss our complaint at this
6
    stage of the proceedings on fair use grounds,
7
    yes, we'd like -- we --
8
              THE COURT: Well, that's what an order
9
    to show cause -- that's why you're here is to
10
    show cause why it shouldn't be dismissed.
11
              MR. MANGANO: That's correct.
12
              THE COURT: Why shouldn't it be
13
    dismissed?
14
              MR. MANGANO: Well, for one, your
15
    Honor, procedurally, and I'll just say that we do
    not have a record in front of you that would
16
    permit you to enter sua sponte summary judgment
17
18
    because there are numerous issues of fact --
              THE COURT: But that -- you're
19
20
    repeating yourself. What issues are they?
                                                 Here
21
    are the issues. Number one, is the CIO a
22
    nonprofit organization or whatever? I don't
23
    know. What are these issues of fact that are so
24
    important?
25
              MR. MANGANO: Okay. Well, your Honor,
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one of the issues of fact talks about the effect
1
2
    on the work, the market for the work, the fourth
3
    factor. If you look at Professor Schultz's
4
    amicus brief, it contains statements which are
5
    relevant to the inquiry.
6
              THE COURT: But every brief does that.
7
    Everybody -- all briefs contain factual
8
    allegations. I mean what are the genuine issues
9
    of material fact? What's the material fact here?
              MR. MANGANO: Well, one of the issues
10
11
    of material fact, your Honor, would be how --
12
    how -- what was the intent of CIO in its use?
13
    Did it derive a benefit from the use of the
14
    article? What was that benefit?
15
              THE COURT: What's the material issue
16
    of fact?
17
              MR. MANGANO: That -- your Honor, that
18
    just was the material issue of fact.
19
              THE COURT: What? What their intent
2.0
    is?
21
              MR. MANGANO: What was the intent?
22
    What was the amount? Was there revenue derived
23
    from it?
24
              THE COURT: Okay, that's three
25
    questions. Now, what's the issue of material
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fact? I said what's the issue of material fact?
1
2
    And you should say this, this, and this. What is
3
    the issue of material fact?
4
              MR. MANGANO: Whether or not they
5
    derived a benefit from it would go into your
6
    analysis.
              THE COURT: Well, of course they
7
8
    derived a benefit from it.
9
              MR. MANGANO: Okay, your Honor --
10
              THE COURT: I'm willing to draw that
11
    conclusion they derived a benefit from it.
12
              MR. MANGANO: That's fine, that's fine.
13
    If we're going to accept they derived a benefit
14
    from it, then I would submit that under the first
15
    factor that that's going to weigh against upon
16
    the fair use.
17
              THE COURT: Okay, and that may be. Now
    let's stick to the issue, though, which we've
18
19
    spent now ten minutes on. What do you want
20
    today? Do you want to conduct discovery, is that
21
    what you're saying? What discovery do you want
22
    to conduct?
23
              MR. MANGANO: Your Honor --
24
              THE COURT: I mean if you're telling me
25
    this is not appropriate for dismissal, you're
```

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1
    making something in the nature of a 56(f)
2
    argument. So you say here are the genuine issues
3
    of material fact, one --
4
              MR. MANGANO: And, your Honor, we --
5
              THE COURT: -- is this a Nevada
6
    corporation? Two, is Mr. Bowers a licensed
7
    attorney in the State of Nevada? Three, is this.
8
    Four, five, six, seven, eight, nine, ten, those
9
    are the genuine issues of material fact that
10
    preclude you from proceeding until I can do
11
    discovery. And then I'll give you a chance to do
12
    discovery, but so far you're waltzing around and
13
    saying, oh, we're going to do this and, you know,
14
    what their intent was and, you know, the market
15
    effect, and ya, da, da, da, da.
16
                      What are the genuine issues of
17
    material fact?
18
              MR. MANGANO: Your Honor, we did, in
19
    fact, ask for 56(f) discovery and there was a
2.0
    declaration submitted. There has been no
21
    discovery conducted in the case as of today.
22
              THE COURT: I realize that. Answer my
23
    question, would you?
24
              MR. MANGANO: Yes, your Honor.
25
              THE COURT: Gee whiz.
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1
              MR. MANGANO: What are the issues of
2
    material fact is the question.
3
              THE COURT: Pardon me?
4
              MR. MANGANO: What are the issues of
5
    material fact is the question. Well, one of them
6
    is how much and what, if any, benefit was derived
7
    through the donations. That's one issue. We
8
    don't have any --
9
              THE COURT: That were derived from the
10
    what?
11
              MR. MANGANO: That were derived from
12
    the posting on CIO's website. If we're going to
13
    assume --
14
              THE COURT: What was the benefit?
                                                  H \circ W
15
    is that relevant?
16
              MR. MANGANO: Well, that goes into the
    first factor of the fair use analysis, your
17
18
    Honor, and how they used the work.
19
              THE COURT: The purpose and character
2.0
    of the use --
21
              MR. MANGANO: Yes.
22
              THE COURT: -- the purpose and use of a
23
    character is what you see is what you get.
              MR. MANGANO: Well, no, your Honor,
24
25
    because under that analysis there's a division
```

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which talks about whether it's for commercial use
1
2
    or whether or not it's for educational purposes.
3
              THE COURT: For a nonprofit
4
    organization, how is that commercial use?
5
              MR. MANGANO: Okay, your Honor, as we
6
    discussed in our submission, the World Wide
7
    Church of God case in the Ninth Circuit says that
8
    that purpose and character analysis, that first
9
    prong, commercial use or use for profit can be
10
    derived from benefits received by a nonprofit
11
    organization. You can have that result, your
12
    Honor, and World Wide Church of God talks about
13
    that because it squarely addressed whether or not
14
    nonprofit --
15
              THE COURT: But that's not on point,
16
    though, is it? That's a case where the minister
17
    wrote a book and then some rivals took the book,
18
    removed the copyright, and then tried to pass it
19
    off and say, well, I'm in competition with the
20
    original church, right?
21
              MR. MANGANO: That's correct.
22
              THE COURT: And so CIO, the defendants
23
    here, have a rival newspaper and they took this
24
    RJ article -- and let me see if I can follow
25
    through now -- they took the RJ article, erased
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```
1
    the copyright and then used it as their own --
2
    no, that's not it. World Wide Church doesn't
3
    apply here. That was a deliberate misuse of the
4
    copyrighted material.
5
                     Here you've got these dodo's
6
    took the material and actually put on their
7
    website Las Vegas Review Journal, you know, Joe
8
    Blow, whoever the reporter was. I mean it's
9
    clear. Where did you get the article? It's
10
    quite clear, the Las Vegas Review Journal.
              MR. MANGANO: Okay, but if I could
11
12
    maybe point out with the World Wide Church of God
13
    case, it is applicable to this case because it
14
    shows that a nonprofit organization can be found
15
    liable for copyright infringement in view of the
16
    fair use defense. That's one point that it
    makes. Another point that it makes is it deals
17
18
    with a case of a hundred percent replication of
19
    the work which is what we have here.
20
              THE COURT: It was a book there.
21
    it's an article that's what, like eight column
22
    inches long?
23
              MR. MANGANO: This is an article that's
24
    approximately a thousand words, thirty
25
    paragraphs.
```

```
THE COURT: A thousand what?
1
2
              MR. MANGANO: A thousand words.
3
              THE COURT: A thousand words? A
4
    thousand words?
5
              MR. MANGANO: And it's thirty
6
    paragraphs.
7
              THE COURT: It's about eight column
8
    inches or so on their website or it looked like,
9
    if I remember correctly.
10
              MR. MANGANO: I had a hard copy printed
11
    out, your Honor, and it was three pages.
12
              THE COURT: Okay, all right.
13
              MR. MANGANO: But in any event they're
14
    both written works and they are both entitled to
15
    copyright protection. So the World Wide Church
16
    of God is applicable here because we have --
17
              THE COURT: The World Wide Church is
18
    distinguishable.
19
              MR. MANGANO: Okav.
2.0
              THE COURT: That's a book. That was a
21
    creative book. This is a news article.
22
              MR. MANGANO: Okay, your Honor, the
23
    work -- both are written works. Both -- and
24
    we've cited case law to your Honor that shows
25
    that just because we have a news article it's --
```

```
1
              THE COURT: That's true, that's true,
2
    but let's -- the devil can cite scripture for his
3
    purposes. I can find a case that will say
4
    anything. So cases are interesting, that's all,
5
    but now what are the genuine issues of material
6
          Maybe we'll get to this ultimately or
    fact?
7
    maybe you just want to blather on. You tell me.
8
              MR. MANGANO: Well, your Honor, maybe I
9
    could just --
10
              THE COURT: What are the genuine issues
    of material fact? You're saying you can't
11
12
    proceed today, we have genuine issues of material
13
    fact. What are they? What are the issues you
14
    want to do discovery on?
15
              MR. MANGANO: Your Honor, we have set
16
    forth in our submission --
17
              THE COURT: Which submission?
18
              MR. MANGANO: My declaration, then the
19
    brief.
20
              THE COURT: Which submission? The one
21
    you filed this morning?
22
              MR. MANGANO: No, your Honor. If you
23
    could -- can you give me a second and I'll see if
24
    I can find the document number for that. I mean
25
    I know it was filed in connection with our
```

```
1
    response.
2
              THE COURT: Okay, but it's your
3
    declaration and you can't tell me what the
    genuine issues of material fact are that you set
4
5
    out in your declaration? See if you can find a
6
    copy of it then.
7
                (Attorney conference held.)
8
              MR. MANGANO: Your Honor, while Mr.
9
    Coons is locating that, I'm willing to move
10
    forward on the fair use analysis.
              THE COURT: Well, no, if we can't have
11
12
    a hearing, we can't have a hearing. If there are
13
    genuine issues of material fact, we can't have a
14
    hearing. You need to do discovery. That's what
15
    you're telling me, correct?
16
              MR. MANGANO: Yes, and we've
    done absolutely none.
17
18
              THE COURT: All right, then let me know
19
    what the genuine issues of material fact are.
2.0
               (Attorney conference held.)
21
              MR. MANGANO: Your Honor, unfortunately
22
    I don't have a copy of my declaration. I know
    it's Document 23 in the court's record. I've got
23
24
    Document 22 which references it.
25
              THE COURT: All right, so what are
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```
the -- fifteen minutes later -- what are the
1
2
    genuine issues of material fact?
3
              MR. MANGANO: Well, your Honor, I would
    submit that at a minimum the issues of fact
4
5
    relate to the Court's analysis under the
6
    fourth --
7
              THE COURT: Well, not relate, don't
8
    give lawyer gibberish. What are the -- here are
9
    the issues of fact. One, whether this is that,
10
    whether CIO is a licensed organization, or
11
    something, or whatever. I don't know, whatever
12
    in heck the issues of fact are that preclude us
13
    proceeding today.
14
              MR. MANGANO: The fourth factor in the
15
    fair use analysis --
16
              THE COURT: Pardon me?
17
              MR. MANGANO: The fourth factor under
    the fair use analysis relates to the market, the
18
19
    effect on the market for the work. That's one of
2.0
    the --
21
              THE COURT: The effect of the use upon
22
    the potential market, now since Righthaven
23
    doesn't operate a newspaper, all it does is sue
24
    people apparently, I don't know, what is the
25
    issue of fact there?
```

```
1
              MR. MANGANO: Well, one of the facts
2
    that's pointed out by Professor Schultz is an
3
    issue of causation with regard to whether or not,
4
    as you pointed out, whether or not there is any
5
    effect on the work -- on the market for the work
6
    based upon their use. Right now one of our first
7
    arguments under that prong is a presumption,
8
    okay?
9
                      And if that presumption does not
    apply because there is an absence of commercial
10
11
    use, then we must show actual affect on the
12
    market for the work. We must have evidence of
13
    that fact. They're claiming that they have no
14
    affect on the market because there was no website
15
    traffic, there weren't enough lures.
16
                      We don't have any of that
17
    information, your Honor. That would be an issue
18
    of fact as to whether or not there were a hundred
19
    viewers or a thousand viewers or how many viewers
2.0
    there were. We don't know. That's one issue of
21
    fact.
22
              THE COURT: How is that relevant,
23
    though?
24
              MR. MANGANO: Well, your Honor, it's
25
    under the fourth factor of the fair use analysis.
```

```
THE COURT: Well, the affect of the use
1
2
    upon the potential market for or value of the
3
    copyrighted work, there's no market for the
4
    copyrighted work, is there? You aren't
5
    publishing it, you don't have a newspaper.
6
              MR. MANGANO: Your Honor, there's other
7
    moving parts here. If we've got a license -- if
8
    we have an assignment of the mark, we can also
9
    license that work to others. I mean that --
10
    that --
11
              THE COURT: Have you licensed it to
12
    others?
13
              MR. MANGANO: Your Honor, that would be
14
    subject to discovery. Do you want me to answer
15
    that on behalf of my client? I don't know as I
16
    stand here right now.
17
              THE COURT: So you are telling me you
18
    don't know. This is an issue of fact, but you
19
    don't know your own side of this issue of fact.
2.0
    You don't know, you can't argue anything about it
21
    then.
22
              MR. MANGANO: Well, your Honor --
23
              THE COURT: You don't know if you've
24
    licensed it.
25
              MR. MANGANO: That's fine, that's fine,
```

```
1
    your Honor. We can proceed then I quess. If the
2
    Court doesn't appreciate the issues of fact,
3
    we've submitted them in our brief.
4
              THE COURT: Well, no, no, what I would
5
    appreciate would be an answer to my question
6
    which I asked over fifteen minutes ago and you
7
    haven't answered yet.
8
              MR. MANGANO: Your Honor, I've tried.
9
              THE COURT: You haven't tried.
10
    You've -- all you've given me is the lawyer mumbo
    jumbo. What are the issues of fact? One, two,
11
12
    three, four, five, that's what we need to do
13
                   With 56(f), this is why I need to
    discovery on.
14
    do discovery. I can't respond to CIO here
15
    because I need to do discovery on this issue,
16
    one, two, three, four, five, and then we'll
17
    adjourn and give you a chance to do your
18
    discovery.
19
              MR. MANGANO: Okay, your Honor.
20
              THE COURT: And then we'll come back
21
    here and deal with the fair use doctrine.
22
              MR. MANGANO: Okay, your Honor, but let
23
    me approach it this way then. Here's a listing
24
    of statements that are made that Professor
25
    Schultz has made in his brief that raise issues
```

```
of fact that would require discovery and we'll go
1
2
    down the list.
3
              THE COURT: Well, no, don't, don't.
                                                    I
4
    don't want to hear what he says. I want to hear
5
    what you are telling me the issues of fact are.
6
              MR. MANGANO:
                             Okay.
7
              THE COURT: What do you need to do
    discovery on?
8
9
              MR. MANGANO: Who are the readers of
10
    CIO's blog? They claim that the readers are
11
    specifically --
12
              THE COURT: Now, why is that a material
13
    issue of fact?
14
              MR. MANGANO: Yes, who are the readers?
15
              THE COURT: Why? Why?
                                      Why? Why is
16
    that an issue of material fact?
17
              MR. MANGANO: It is an issue of
    material fact, your Honor, because the use of the
18
19
    work they're claiming, as has been argued in the
20
    briefs, that their blog is specifically directed
21
    towards Oregon residents and immigrants in the
22
    Oregon area, okay? We have a Nevada based
23
    article from a Nevada publication, and they're
24
    claiming that their use is different from our
25
    use. Both uses are giving information to the
```

```
1
    public about a topic related to immigration.
2
              THE COURT:
                           That's right.
3
              MR. MANGANO: They are saying that
4
    their use is unique because it's directed to a
5
    specific segment of the population, residents of
6
    Oregon, okay? One of the statements contained in
7
    the amicus brief says that readers of CIO's blog
8
    are most likely Oregon residents each vested in
9
    the nonprofit's mission.
              THE COURT: Most likely, and it could
10
11
    be anybody because it's the Internet. I could
12
    log on.
13
              MR. MANGANO: Well, your Honor, you
14
    would have to grant that if they were readers of
15
    the blog or members of the organization that were
16
    Nevada residents, then you would also be
17
    disseminating information concerning a Nevada
18
    based article to people in Nevada as well as
19
    Oregon.
            That is --
20
              THE COURT: Which the RJ has done, it's
21
    an RJ article.
22
              MR. MANGANO: Yes.
23
              THE COURT: So I mean people in Nevada
24
    already have access to it.
25
              MR. MANGANO: Well, that's correct,
```

```
1
    but, see, the use that's being employed here is
2
    we're both disseminating the same article and
3
    we're both doing it for informative purposes,
4
    okay?
5
              THE COURT: You aren't disseminating
    the article to anyone. The RJ disseminated the
6
7
    article.
8
              MR. MANGANO: That's correct. The RJ
9
    disseminated the article, but in doing so if
10
    you're doing it for the same purpose which is
11
    that first prong --
12
              THE COURT: The RJ is a newspaper,
13
    correct?
14
              MR. MANGANO: Correct.
15
              THE COURT: The CIO a not a newspaper.
16
              MR. MANGANO: Correct.
17
              THE COURT: So what's the -- and
    understand I'm not saying let's create some
18
19
    issues of fact. What's material about that?
20
              MR. MANGANO: Well, what's material
21
    about the Oregon --
22
              THE COURT: They aren't competing with
23
    the RJ.
24
              MR. MANGANO: No, no, no, it's not a
25
    matter of competing directly. They don't have to
```

```
1
    be newspaper to newspaper or in World Wide Church
2
    of God, which we've pointed out, church to
3
    church. They are taking the same information and
4
    they are making it available at another location.
5
              'THE COURT:
                            That's right.
6
              MR. MANGANO: So what that does is from
7
    our standpoint you go to read that article on
8
    their website and you don't read it on the RJ's
9
    website, the RJ's deprived of certain benefits
10
    because of that. I mean as we go on the Internet
    we've got banners of advertisements and all that
11
12
    stuff and other articles, too, that may be linked
13
    or associated with that publication.
14
              THE COURT: But that's the RJ and now
15
    it's been assigned to you, you have now have the
16
    copyright.
17
              MR. MANGANO: That's correct.
18
              THE COURT: And you don't publish a
19
    newspaper.
2.0
              MR. MANGANO:
                             No.
21
              THE COURT: Okay.
22
              MR. MANGANO:
                             But we are not looking at
23
    Righthaven now, we're looking at when the
24
    infringement occurred. So it still -- we've --
25
    we've raised the standing issue, but it's a
```

```
matter of let's look at when the infringement
1
2
    occurred and what we're dealing with. We're
3
    dealing with use by the RJ, the source
4
    publication where the work originated and how it
5
    was used in CIO's case on their blog.
6
              THE COURT: I mean you've been going
7
    twenty minutes and you've given absolutely no
8
    information. I mean what are the issues of
9
    material fact? You're saying that we cannot
10
    proceed today, is that your position? Is that
11
    what you are telling me, we cannot proceed today?
12
              MR. MANGANO: That's if you're inclined
13
    to dismiss it, yes. We do not believe that
14
    there's sufficient --
15
              THE COURT: I'm not going to tell you
16
    what I'm inclined to do. I mean I want to hear
17
    what the parties have to say. So I mean you're
18
    saying, if you're going to rule against me, yeah,
19
    I can't proceed today, but if you're going to
20
    rule in my favor, yeah, I can proceed today.
21
              MR. MANGANO: Okay, your Honor, one of
22
    the issues of material fact as I just pointed out
23
    was who are the members of CIO, who are the
24
    readers?
25
              THE COURT: And how is that material?
```

```
1
              MR. MANGANO: How is it?
2
              THE COURT: Yeah, how it that material?
3
              MR. MANGANO: It is material, your
4
    Honor, because it goes directly towards the
5
    nature and use under the first fair use prong.
6
              THE COURT: Okay, that does not answer
7
    my question at all, does it?
8
              MR. MANGANO: The first fair use --
9
              THE COURT: That's lawyer speaking.
10
    The first one is purpose and character of the
11
    use.
12
              MR. MANGANO: Okay.
13
              THE COURT: We know how they used it,
14
    don't we?
15
              MR. MANGANO: Okay, your Honor, if --
16
              THE COURT: Don't we know how they used
17
    it?
18
              MR. MANGANO: Yes and no, I can tell
19
    you that. Yes and no based upon what --
20
              THE COURT: And what don't we know
21
    about how they used it?
22
              MR. MANGANO: Okay. They're trying to
23
    distinguish their use saying that their use is
24
    different from the RJ's because their viewers are
25
    exclusively in Oregon.
```

```
1
              THE COURT: Nobody said they were
2
    exclusively in Oregon.
3
              MR. MANGANO: Okay, maybe they are not
4
    in Nevada. They haven't said that they are or
5
    not. If they do say they're in Nevada, they have
6
    a problem under that first prong.
7
              THE COURT: Why?
8
              MR. MANGANO: Because we have the exact
9
    same use. We don't have this little segment that
10
    they're trying to carve out that it's virtually
11
    everyone in the Oregon area. They're trying to
12
    say that's unique.
13
              THE COURT: Well, their website goes to
14
    immigrant -- I mean it deals with immigration
15
    issues. Let me put it that way. So if somebody
16
    is interested in immigration issues, that person
17
    logs on and reads it. That person may never
18
    read -- may never have heard of the RJ until they
19
    read that article and it could be somebody from
20
    Illinois, it could be somebody from Nebraska.
21
    could be somebody from Nevada, but somebody who's
22
    interested in a newspaper reads the RJ.
23
    mean -- well, I should say -- let me rephrase
24
    that. Someone from here who's interested in a
25
    newspaper typically reads the RJ.
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```
1
              MR. MANGANO: Uh-huh.
2
              THE COURT: And so it's a totally
3
    different market.
4
              MR. MANGANO: Well, not if you do have
5
    people from Nevada that see the article and get
6
    their information solely from that source from
7
    CIO's website, right? They may know of the RJ
8
    and they may look at and read the article which
9
    they've read in its entirety, there's no need to
10
    ao --
11
              THE COURT: But the RJ has the
12
    copyright, assigns it to you, so it's now yours.
13
    So you aren't printing a newspaper. Does the RJ
14
    still have this on its website?
15
              MR. MANGANO: Yes.
16
              THE COURT: Are you suing the RJ?
17
              MR. MANGANO: No, your Honor.
18
              THE COURT: Why not?
19
              MR. MANGANO: Well, because we hold the
20
    copyright to it. They assigned it to us.
21
              THE COURT: Pardon me?
22
              MR. MANGANO:
                            They assigned the
23
    copyright to us. We wouldn't sue them.
24
              THE COURT: Why not? They have no
25
    right to the material, do they? Huh? Huh? Do
```

```
1
    they?
2
              MR. MANGANO: Yes, they do.
3
              THE COURT: They do? How do they have
4
    rights to the material?
5
              MR. MANGANO: Well, I'm sure that it's
6
    covered in their license agreement with the RJ
7
    and the assignment.
8
              THE COURT: Okay, all right.
9
              MR. MANGANO: I mean I'm not privy to
10
    that information as to how, but they do allow it
11
    to be accessed from the website and they do allow
    it to be shared via the Internet and their
12
13
    hyperlink so they do maintain control of it.
14
    They don't have the entire article being taken,
15
    copied, and pasted and placed on some other
16
    source, which is what happened, and when you go
17
    in to read the entire article --
18
              THE COURT:
                           Is there any question about
19
    that's what happened? We know what happened.
20
              MR. MANGANO: When you read the entire
21
    article, it's someplace else, your Honor. You're
22
    not going to want to go to the source
23
    publication.
24
              THE COURT: Well, you might.
25
              MR. MANGANO: You might, you might not,
```

```
but I'll tell you if you've got a hundred percent
1
2
    of the article --
3
              THE COURT: Well, I mean, okay, now
4
    you're -- now this has nothing to do with
5
    factual. You're just arguing, well, you might,
6
    you might not. What are the issues of material
7
    fact that you say preclude us from proceeding
8
    today? Other than you've wasted so much time
9
    that we'll probably have to adjourn this anyway.
10
              MR. MANGANO: Your Honor, another issue
    is -- well, first of all, the membership
11
12
    composition of CIO is an issue of fact because it
13
    does go to the first fair use prong, the first
14
    analysis it does as we've discussed that.
15
              THE COURT: How does that -- how does
16
    their membership go to the first prong?
17
    purpose and character of the use has nothing to
18
    do with their membership, does it?
19
              MR. MANGANO: Okay, your Honor, then I
20
    would say that --
21
              THE COURT: Well, I mean so you're
22
    throwing up the old here's an argument, wait,
23
    here's an argument, here's an argument.
24
              MR. MANGANO: No, your Honor.
25
              THE COURT: You haven't even thought
```

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this through. You're saying, oh, you can't grant
1
2
    summary judgment today, you're granting summary
3
    judgment. Well, what are the issues of material
4
    fact then that preclude me from proceeding today?
5
    Well, let's see, half an hour later we still
6
    don't know.
7
              MR. MANGANO: Okay, your Honor. Well,
8
    let's approach it this way. Why -- my issue then
9
    I see it as an issue of material fact in the
10
    first fair use prong, and I would assume that
    Professor Schultz agrees with me since he's cited
11
12
    the factor --
13
              THE COURT: Well, leave Professor
14
    Schultz out. I don't care about him.
15
    offense, Professor, but what are the issues of
16
    material -- we're here to decide legal issues,
17
    not to engage in personalities.
18
              MR. MANGANO: Okay. The CIO -- there's
19
    a statement that they say they did not profit in
20
    any way because the article appeared on its blog.
21
    We've conducted absolutely no discovery as to
22
    whether or not CIO profited in any way, derived
23
    any benefit, or received donations from its
24
    members.
              THE COURT: Well, I'm sure they've
25
```

```
received a benefit. It's an educational benefit,
1
2
    that's what they say, that's what we do. Am I
3
    correct? Am I mischaracterizing something?
4
              MR. RICHARDSON: No, that's correct,
5
    sir.
6
              MR. MANGANO: Your Honor, as we've
7
    pointed out in our submissions, there's a
8
    donation banner as well as a membership banner
9
    that appears on the website.
10
              THE COURT:
                          That's right. And so
11
    somebody sees their website and says, I like what
12
    you guys are doing, I'm going to support you, I
13
    mean just like any other advocacy group.
14
              MR. MANGANO: Okay, I'm following you.
15
              THE COURT: That's good.
16
              MR. MANGANO:
                            It's the question of --
17
              THE COURT: That makes one of us
    because I'm not following you at all. How is
18
    that relevant?
19
20
              MR. MANGANO: Your Honor, it's relevant
21
    because under -- under --
22
              THE COURT: Okay, let's do this, let's
23
    do this. Let's just adjourn the hearing, and you
24
    file genuine issues of material fact, here are
25
    the issues of material fact. And I want you guys
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```
to respond to it and say, here's the ones we
1
2
    agree are genuine and here's the ones that we
    disagree. And then I'll decide what's -- I'll
3
4
    give you time to do discovery so that you can
5
    respond properly to this. How is that?
                                              How is
6
    that? Can you answer one question? Can you hear
7
    me?
8
              MR. MANGANO: Yes, your Honor.
9
              THE COURT: And what's your answer?
10
    Does that meet with your approval?
11
              MR. MANGANO: Yes. Your Honor, if
12
    that's --
13
              THE COURT: Fine, sit down.
14
              MR. MANGANO: Okay.
15
              THE COURT: How long will it take you
16
    to generate a list of the genuine issue of
17
    material facts?
18
              MR. MANGANO: Five days, your Honor.
19
              THE COURT: Pardon me?
2.0
              MR. MANGANO: Five days?
21
              THE COURT: Well, the holiday is coming
22
    up.
23
              MR. MANGANO: So ten, would that be
24
    acceptable?
25
              THE COURT: So let's make it -- what
```

```
1
    would be next Friday?
2
              THE CLERK: Friday, January 7th, your
3
    Honor.
4
              THE COURT: Friday, January 7th. By
5
    Friday, January 7th, file and serve these are the
6
    genuine issues of material fact that we feel
7
    preclude the court proceeding on the fair use
8
    hearing, do you understand?
9
              MR. MANGANO: Yes, your Honor, we can
10
    do that.
11
              THE COURT:
                           Thank you. And then a week
12
    for you to respond the following Friday, is that
13
    agreeable?
14
              MR. RICHARDSON: That's plenty of time.
15
              THE COURT: And, Professor, you as well
16
    as the amicus, if you want to respond and say
17
    since you apparently seem to be the focus of
18
    something here, I don't know what --
19
              MR. SCHULTZ: Thank you, your Honor.
20
                      Yes, I'd appreciate that
21
    opportunity.
22
              THE COURT: Yes, sir.
23
                      So then I'll review that with my
24
    brain trust and we'll see whether we agree with
25
    your statements of issues and what they are and
```

```
1
     how much discovery is worthwhile here.
 2
                            We'll be in recess.
 3
 4
             (Whereupon, the proceedings concluded.)
 5
 6
 7
 8
 9
10
11
12
13
     I hereby certify that pursuant to Section 753, Title 28, United States Code, the foregoing is a true and correct transcript of the
14
15
     stenographically reported proceedings held in the
     above-entitled matter.
16
17
     Date: January 3, 2011
                                            /s/ Joy Garner
18
                                            JOY GARNER, CCR 275
                                            U.S. Court Reporter
19
20
21
22
23
24
25
                          -JOY GARNER, CCR 275 -
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