1	Brett L. Gibbs, Esq. (SBN 251000) Prenda Law Inc. 38 Miller Avenue, #263 Mill Valley, CA 94941 415-325-5900 blgibbs@wefightpiracy.com	
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5	Attorney for Plaintiff	
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7	IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE	
8	NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA	
9	SAN FRANCISCO DIVISION	
10	FIRST TIME VIDEOS LLC,	No. C-11-03822 MEJ
11	Plaintiff,	DECLARATION OF BRETT L. GIBBS
12	v.	IN RESPONSE TO COURT'S ORDER FOR PLAINTIFF TO FILE
13	DOES 1-95,	DECLARATION
14	Defendant(s).	
15		
16	I, Brett L. Gibbs, declare as follows:	
17	1. I am an attorney at law licer	nsed to practice in California, and admitted in the
18	Northern District of California. My business address is 38 Miller Avenue, #263, Mill Valley, CA,	
19	94941. I am counsel of record for Plaintiff in this matter.	
20	2. On December 1, 2011, the 0	Court issued an order requiring Plaintiff to file a
21	declaration addressing seven specific case-management related inquiries. This is the responding	
22	Declaration. Attached to this Declaration is Exhibit A, which addresses four of the first five of the	
23	Court's inquiries regarding data information. The information contained in Exhibit A is incorporated	
24	as if stated in this declaration, and based on my belief that the recordation of these events is true and	
25	accurate.	
26	3. Inquiry number four requires F	Plaintiff to provide the exact "date on which the ISP
27	served the subpoena on the Doe Defendant." F	Per the Court's order, the Internet Service Provider has
28	a 30-day window within which it must provide a copy of the subpoena to the individual subscriber. I	

am informed and believe that all subpoenas are served upon subscribers accordingly. However, the Internet Service Providers do not report to me, or my firm, regarding the exact date/time that they serve the subpoenas.

- 4. Inquiry number six requests a response to the statement that: "If Plaintiff has obtained the Doe Defendant's identifying information, an explanation as to why the defendant has not been named and why no proof of service has been filed, as well as why the Court should not dismiss the defendant pursuant to Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 4(m)." As the Court will note on Exhibit A, all except for one of the subpoenas were returned on December 1, 2011. In other words, Plaintiff has had minimal opportunity to establish contact with those individuals, let alone serve them in this manner. As for the lone individual whose identifying information was actually provided prior to December 1, 2011, that individual has been contacted. In this instance, the parties are engaged in active settlement negotiations and for this reason Plaintiff has delayed service and/or naming this individual. For these reasons, the Court should not dismiss the case pursuant to Rule 4(m) because Plaintiff, as explained, has good cause to extend time for service of the on the Doe Defendants.
- 5. Inquiry number seven requests a response to the statement that: "If Plaintiff has obtained the Doe Defendant's identifying information and the location is outside of the Northern District of California, why the Court should not dismiss the Doe Defendant for lack of jurisdiction and/or improper venue." The Court should not dismiss any Doe Defendants for lack of personal jurisdiction because to date none of the subpoena responses indicate that subscribers reside outside of the State of California. Plaintiff used geolocation in an attempt to restrict the Doe Defendants to persons in California. Although at best imperfect, geolocation has been successful in this regard thus far. The Doe Defendants—to the extent they reside in California—are unquestionably subject to personal jurisdiction in the Northern District of California. *Brayton Purcell LLP v. Recordon & Recordon*, 575 F.3d 981, 984 n. 3 (9th Cir. 2009). The venue inquiry is premature at this early stage of receiving the Doe Defendants' identifying information. First, Plaintiff is actively involved in verifying the identifying information provided by the ISP's in the subpoena responses that have been fulfilled—so there is no confirmation that the addresses provided by the ISP's are up-to-date.

1	Second, once the addresses are verified Plaintiff still needs to verify that the infringers are not	
2	subject to service in this District—either by reason of attending school in this District, making	
3	business trips to this District, vacationing in this District or otherwise being present in this District.	
4	Only after these determinations have been made would a venue inquiry be appropriate.	
5	6. To cure any venue concerns, Plaintiff affirms that, should it discover that certain Doe	
6	Defendants do in fact reside outside of the Northern District of California and are not likely to be	
7	subject to service in this District, then Plaintiff will dismiss them without prejudice from this case,	
8	and pursue them separately in the relevant district.	
9	7. I declare under penalty of perjury that the foregoing is true and correct based on my	
10	own personal knowledge, except for those matters stated on information and belief, and those	
11	matters I believe to be true. If called upon to testify, I can and will competently testify as set forth	
12	above.	
13		
14	Respectfully Submitted,	
15	PRENDA LAW INC.	
16	DATED: December 5, 2011	
17	By: /s/ Brett L. Gibbs, Esq.	
18	Brett L. Gibbs, Esq. (SBN 251000) Prenda Law Inc.	
19	38 Miller Avenue, #263 Mill Valley, CA 94941	
20	415-325-5900 blgibbs@wefightpiracy.com	
21	Attorney for Plaintiff	
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28	GIBBS DECLARATION IN PESPONSE TO COURT ORDER No. C-11-03822-MEI	